



IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 7 Issue: V Month of publication: May 2019

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2019.5240

www.ijraset.com

Call: 🕥 08813907089 🔰 E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com



# Analysis on Different Algorithms Estimation of Blood Pressure using ECG and PPG Sensors

Kavya Krishnan R<sup>1</sup>, Dr. Clara Kanmani A<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1, 2</sup>Dept. of Computer Science & Engineering, New Horizon College of Engineering, Bangalore, India.

Abstract: The present method for person is so captivating regarding innovations and other ways of life, yet the wellbeing of each is getting intensify step by step. Because of driving, sullying or the working lifestyle there actuates weight on one's life. One of the serious issues with wellbeing is observed to be variety in circulatory strain, heartbeat and drenching level in one's blood. Consequently in this paper it centers around various calculations that are utilized and a correlation among them is given. Keywords: Machine Learning, Electrocardiogram, Arterial Stiffness, Photoplethsmogram, Blood Pressure, Digital Signal Processing

# I. INTRODUCTION

For a country to be marked as created, alongside gathering its principal civilities for occupant, for instance, sustenance, ensure, stable economy, therapeutic administrations should in like manner be looking fine. At any rate the extent of expert and the parametric staff to the quantity of occupants in India is less. In the progressing years various ends happens in light of cardiovascular issues or as a result of hypertension assortment. As shown by National Institute of Health (NIT) two third of the overall public in world experience the evil impacts of hypertension, which can provoke deadly disease, for instance, stroke, heart disillusionment, vein immovability, etc. A great part of the time watching the beat in old people, pregnant women, and each and every other patient can help them with remaining from deadly. Along these lines here it fixates on an improvement of an introduced structure that can measure Electrocardiogram (ECG) and Photoplethysmography (PPG) of the patient. An examination of AI estimation will be made to discover circulatory strain of him/her with the help of ECG and PPG regard.

# A. Machine Learning

In prior decade helpful data were secured using virtual items, which have made the precision of data obliged. In any case, starting late there is gigantic aggregate data that is created well ordered which winds up troublesome for a human to separate this data. An elective method which is being showed up is machine acknowledging, which will give out a desire subject to the dataset.

Machine acknowledging which a subset of modernized thinking is showed up in the year 1959 by Arthur Samuel. Exactly when a PC is given data and after that sees those with assistance of an estimation, it is called as machine taking in, the strategy by which it learns is called as getting ready and yield took care of is the model. The objective of an understudy is that to aggregate up from its experience. Theory infers the limit of a machine to perform exactly on unnoticeable or new data. The computational examination of figuring in AI is known as computational learning speculation. There are different applications in machine adjusting, for instance, restorative administrations industry, cultivating, advancing, money related perspectives, general diversion playing, etc

AI in social protection industry is starting late come up. Google have perceived that AI counts can be used to recognize cancercausing tumors on mammograms. AI computations give regenerative or standardized points of interest to disciplines. AI is set up to watch pictures that are given and hereafter find the varieties from the standard and point to that zone which needs thought, therefore increase the efficiency. At a prosperity stimulus, prohibitive stages are used to separate data and use it in clinical essential authority. Right when a specialist check a patient and enter the appearances, data, and test results to the EMR an AI will happen all through the data in this way give the accommodating information to master for making finding. There are unlimited focal points of AI in human administrations industry which can be depicted as seeks after:

- 1) *Reduce Re-Affirmation:* Specialists can get course on resistance as in who will undoubtedly get yielded again through AI in a capable and patient concentrated way and thus decline the danger.
- 2) Reduce Long Stay In Emergency Clinic: Long stay in medical clinic can be reduced by separating tolerant condition and improve calm satisfaction.
- 3) Predict Endless Disorder: Machine learning will probably foresee if the patient will create perpetual sickness or not
- 4) Reduce A Year Ethical Quality: It can decrease the profound quality rate by foreseeing the probability of death in a year.



- 5) Predict inclination to pay: Health framework can offer help to patients for their monetary help
- 6) *Predict no shows:* Health framework can give precise models to asses to booked arrangement in this way enhance persistent consideration.

### B. Case Based Reasoning

Earlier in 1970's and 1980 the headway in man-made brainpower explore depended on guideline base master framework (RBES). Those days a large portion of the issues were tackled utilizing this calculation. It was primarily founded on significant and unequivocal information. In spite of this realities rule based master framework have a few disadvantages which can be outlined as:

- 1) The calculation sets aside much effort to take care of the issue and furthermore is perplexing a direct result of its master's information.
- 2) The RBES calculation can be utilized just when the inbuilt data is very much created and formalized.
- 3) RBES calculation needs an earlier information, if no expansion to the current to the framework need an assistance of a developer.

A superior way to deal with this issue was distinguished by utilizing new apparatuses and philosophies. In the earlier year an elective reasoning perspective and computational basic reasoning system was considered. Case based thinking (CBR) this takes care of the issue by thinking about the recently tackled issue arrangement. CBR technique was work of Royer Shank where he saw the model in alternate points of view propelled by recollecting, issue fathomed beforehand which are utilized to recommend answer to new yet comparable issue. Kolonder have proposed 4 presumptions which shapes the premise of CBR which can be recorded as pursues,

- *a) Regulatity:* Similar exercises executed under comparable conditions will as a rule have the equivalent or practically identical outcomes.
- b) Averageness: Encounter will when all is said in done repetitive themselves.
- c) Consistency: Little changes in the conditions require simply little changes in the interpretation and in the course of action.
- *d)* Adaptability: when things reiterate, the qualifications will by and large be close to nothing and the little differences are definitely not hard to compensate for

The Fig.1 explains to how the 4 suppositions are used to deal with the issue in CBR. At the point when another issue is experienced and in the event that the issue is clarified in any of the current issue, at that point it recover the new arrangement from the past arrangement.



Fig.1: Solving problem using CBR

Once on the off chance that arrangement is framed, at that point a connection among it and portrayal of issue will be made with the end goal that new issue can be tackled in future. CBR can be depicted in the accompanying 4 phases which are appeared in figure 2:

- *i)* Case Retrieval: When the issue is assessed, best planning case is looked for and a short time later vague game plan is recuperated.
- *ii) Case Adaptation:* The recouped game plan is changed in accordance with fit better the new issue.
- *iii)* Solution Evaluation: The balanced arrangement is surveyed either beforehand or after the course of action is associated.
- *iv)* Case Updating: if, despite everything that game plan is affirmed as right, new case may be added to case base.





Fig.2. CBR working cycle

# C. Digital Signal Processing

Digital Signal Processing is a strategy in which distinctive sort of flag are prepared which are arrangement of number that speak to the examples of recurrence, existence. Flag handling can be ordered into Digital flag preparing and simple flag preparing. To break down flag carefully it must be digitized utilizing simple advanced converter.

Signs can be examined in 2 different ways for example discretization and quantization. The flag which is parceled to rise to interim is called as Discretization. Quantization is the guess of significant worth from the limited set. Most presumably these signs are considered in the field of time, recurrence, wavelet and time. Succession of test from estimating gadget produce transient or spatial space. Utilization of computerized flag preparing incorporates sound, sonar, radio signs and so on. The handling simple to computerized flag can be appeared in the figure 3



Fig. 3. Digital signal Processing

# II. RELATED WORK

Artificial neural framework, at first live data were accumulated from mending offices and those data were analyzed to get ready and test using Multilayer perceptron (MLP) and Gaussian mix mode (GMM). The data records were gotten from 2 set of examination. The essential set was a strong and second sort was included pathologies. A computation was continued running over this data and saw to be attractive. Regardless, as an end it is said that PPG banner are varying from individual to individual and time to time. The MLP can be used for little data with the true objective that it gives careful and effective result is proposed in. a design of neural system is as appeared in figure 4[1].



Fig. 4. Architecture of multilayer perceptron neural network



Procedure to evaluate BP reliant on the beat transmits time (PTT). Smallest square backslide show is used to evaluate BP in the first and reiterated following a half year. The improvement of PTT based circulatory strain estimation engage to pursue the distinction in BP after a period and gives exactness and along these lines lessen visit arrangement of cuffless strategy [2].

People with no history of cardio vascular issues of age expanding between 18-25 were analyzed to come up with the beat transmit time from the ECG. Studies were performed at a normal temperature, and have allowed a light usage of sustenance before 4 hours of end. Studies have come about that all the non smoking men were more valuable than the smoking men [3].

A survey of systems that are used to measure circulatory strain using non prominent strategies. With the ultimate objective that this procedure can be organized as unadulterated PPG-reliant on dependent on PPG signals. It in like manner depicts the challenges that can occur while using wearable circulatory strain estimation and remote blood sensor frameworks (BSN). It is found that wearable BP estimation is attempting in both inventive and regulated perspective. Remote BSN go up against issues in evaluating BP in perspective on its little dimensionality, perfect game plan, low imperativeness usage and in-center taking care of assessing to save the exchange speed to transmit the rough data is given in [4].

Photoplethysmogram sensors are utilized to discover the oxygen stream in blood which is spoken to as wave like movement and acquired through optical philosophy [5]. An examination was made on forecast of DBP and SBP utilizing distinctive parameter is talked about in paper [6, 7, 8]. Distinctive sort of calculation is utilized to discover DBP and blood glucose esteem is illustrated in [9].

A procedure dependent on scanty piece, Relevance Vector Machine (RVM) is taken to conquer the burden of probabilistic yield and a couple of utilization of order and relapse strategy is examined [10]. Pertinence vector machine conspire utilizing arrangement based strategy is created in [11]. By the investigation directed on SVM and RVM to blame finding of transformer the outcome acquired that RVM is superior to SVM [12].

Different procedures are utilized to discover BP, in which utilizes the sleeve based sphygmomanometer being the regular one. A consistent BP screen which is created in the ongoing was Finapres NOVA, however the drawback being supported to use around 30 minutes [13]. The greater part of the handcuffed machine make one feel bother, subsequently various cuffless framework are being created alongside PPG sensor which can screen an individual persistently thus here a cuffless second subordinate is proposed [14].

In [15] inspects the connection between certain PPG flag and blood vessel circulatory strain by taking examples of couple of people. An improvement of heartbeat wave transmits time (PWTT) by persistently observing ECG and heartbeat to acquire BP values is talked about in [16]. An epic and straightforward technique was created to co relate the PTT and BP with the end goal that it could adjust the clamor [17]. A cuffless and non intrusive technique to ascertain BP utilizing PTT where it was tried on various sex over their age and dependent on wellbeing condition [18, 19].

Using impedance technique in this paper another procedure is being used to check beat for example impedance plethymography which would be used to check sleeve less circulatory strain. Gear was planned for the impedance plethymography framework as showed up in the figure 5,



Fig. 5.Circuit for Impedance plethymography technique



Circulatory system is assessed in IPG method subject to the impedance blood volume caused due to cardio stroke. A multi channel estimation system is used to measure ECG, PPG, and IPG signals. Particular estimation was accumulated from various precedents and researched, thusly have plotted different graphs and found that impedance technique was better than the following related work. Veins are accountable for circumnavigating blood all through the body. The weight connected by hovering blood on dividers of veins is called as circulatory strain, it is evaluated similar to systolic over diastolic. Low circulatory strain is named as hypotension and hypertension is named as hypotension, both can get ominous effect on human from this time forward a consistent checking is required for heartbeat. Using sphygmomanometer is the regular methodology, and some non prominent system for assessing beat. In paper [21] it proposes a strategy to envision diastolic circulatory strain and systolic heartbeat, here features were isolated from some place in the scope of couple of precedents which were analyzed less than 3 particular conditions.

As showed up in figure 6 [22] proposes a model in which a tunneling piezoresistive sensor is immersed to a wristband of a clever and which could reliably check the circulatory strain assortment in a human body. These moving signs are gotten by the sensor and have secured in the cloud thusly anyone could get to it. A prosperity watching affiliation can separate the moving sign characteristics that are gotten to from cloud for the further assurance, in this manner they can find if anyone need another support and could give better treatment with the true objective that his/her life can be saved from cardiovascular issues



Fig.6: pressure sensing system scenario

# III. MOTIVATION OF THE PROJECT

As mentioned, even though the present life style is so fascinating and embarrassing, the health issues are rising drastically every day. One of the major health issues is found to be the variation in heart rate and BP. These health issues motivated to develop this project using machine learning by measuring BP using ECG and PPG sensor.

# IV. DISCUSSION

Different algorithms very analyzed in the survey where CBR is found to relevant than all other algorithm as the new solution is derived from previous studied solutions. A comparison chart can be given for the survey as indicated in table 1.

']	l'able i.	Comparison	of different a	lgorithm	1

ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORK	SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE	CASE BASED REASONING
ANN algorithm provide framework in	SVM algorithm are designed to well work	CBR algorithm are in which previously
which it is used to analyze complex data	with problem associated to regression and	solved solution are used to solve the
	classification	newer solution
Older approach	New approach	Newer approach
Non deterministic algorithm	Deterministic	Deterministic
	algorithm	algorithm
Generalized but doesn't infer good	Nice generalized method	Good Generalized method are used
mathematical foundation		
Can be easily learned	Hard to learn	System learn by acquiring new concepts



# International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.177 Volume 7 Issue V, May 2019- Available at www.ijraset.com

#### V. CONCLUSION

This paper focuses on an embedded model in which it will measure the ECG and PPG of a patient, an analysis of machine learning will be applied such that a prediction of BP can be made based on the data collected from people. With the help of this method arterial stiffness also can be made. A comparison can be made from the previous method to ensure that the computation time is required less, from the proposed model.

#### VI. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I am really thankful to my guide Dr. Clara Kanmani. A Associate professor, Dept of Computer Science & Engineering, NHCE, for her constant support extended towards me during the course of this project.

#### REFERENCES

- [1] Mohamed Soltane, Mahamod Ismail, Zainol Abidin Abdul Rashid," Artificial Neural Network approach to PPG signal classification", International Journal of Computing and information Science, , Volume 2,No.1 Pages: 58-64. September 06, 2004.
- [2] "An Evaluation of the cuffless blood pressure estimation based on PTT Technique": a half year study on Nonmotensive subjects Springer Year: May 2009.
- R.A Payne, C.N. Symeonides, D.J. Webb, R.J. Maxwell, "Pulse transit time measured from the ECG: an unreliable marker of beat to beat blood pressure", 2005, Pages: 136-141, DOI: 10.1150/lapplyphysiol.00657.2005.
- [4] "PPG- based method for non invasive and continuous blood pressure measurement: an overview and development issues in body sensor networks Year: 2010.
- [5] M. Elgendi, "On the analysis of fingertip photoplethysmogram signals," in Proc. Current Cardiology Reviews, vol 8, pp. 14-25, 2012.
- [6] X. F. Teng and Y. T. Zhang, "Continuous and Noninvasive Estimation of Arterial Blood Pressure Using a Photoplethysmographic Approach," in Proc. 25th Annual International Conference of the IEEE, pp. 7-12, 2003.
- [7] Rohan Samria, Ridhi Jain, Ankita Jha, Sandeep Saini and Shubhajit Roy Chowdhury, "Noninvasive Cuffless Estimation of Blood Pressure using Photoplethysmography without Electrocardiograph Measurement," TENCON, April. 2014.
- [8] Rong-Chao Peng, Wen-Rong Yan, Ning-Ling Zhang, Wan-Hua Lin, Xiao-Lin Zhou and Yuan-Ting Zhang, "Cuffless and Continuous Blood Pressure Estimation from the Heart Sound Signals," Sensors, vol. 15, pp. 23653-23666, Sept. 2015.
- [9] E. Monte-Moreno, "Non-invasive estimate of blood glucose and blood pressure from a photoplethysmograph by means of machine learning techniques," Artificial Intelligence in Medicine, vol. 53, pp. 127-138, 2011.
- [10] M. E. Tipping, "The relevance vector machine," Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems, vol. 12, pp. 652–658, 2000.
- [11] I. Rexakis and M. G. Lagoudakis, "Directed policy search using relevance vector machines," in Proc. IEEE 24th International Conference on Tools with Artificial Intelligence, vol. 1, pp. 25-32, 2012.
- [12] J. Yin, Y. Zhu and G. Yu, "Research on relevance vector machine and its application to fault diagnosis of transformers," AsiaPacific Power and Energy Engineering Conference, pp. 1–4, 2012
- [13] http://www.finapres.com/Products/Finapres-NOVA
- [14] Mengyang Liu, Lai Man Po, Hong Fu, "Cuffless blood pressure estimation based on photoplethysmography signal and its second derivative", International Journal of computer theory and Engineering, Volume 9, No 3, June 2017.
- [15] X.F. Teng and Y.T. Zhang, "Continuous and non-invasive estimation of arterial blood pressure using a Photoplethysmographic approach," In Proceedings of the 25th Annual International Conference of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society, Cancun, Mexico, Sept. 17-21, pp. 3153–3156, 2003.
- [16] M. Zhang, P.F. Wei, Y. Li, "A Lab VIEW based measure system for pulse wave transit time," Technology and Applications in Biomedicine, 2008. ITAB 2008. International Conference on Information Technology and Applications in Biomedicine, Shenzhen, Cina, May 30-31, 2008.
- [17] P. Fung, G. Dumont, C. Ries, C. Mott, M. Ansermino, "Continuous noninvasive blood pressure measurement by pulse transit time," Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society, 2004. IEMBS '04. 26th Annual International Conference of the IEEE, San Francisco, CA, Sept. 1-5, 2004.
- [18] C.C.Y. Poon, Y.T. Zhang, "Cuff-less and Noninvasive Measurements of Arterial Blood Pressure by Pulse Transit Time,", IEEE-EMBS (Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society), 27th Annual International Conference Shanghai, Cina, Jan. 17-18, 2005
- [19] G-Y. Jeong, K-H. Yu, N-G. Kim, "Continuous Blood Pressure Monitoring using Pulse Wave Transit Time," International Conference on Control, Automation and Systems, Seoul, Korea, 2005.
- [20] Shing Hong Liu, Guo-He Cai, Da- Chaun Cheng, Yuung Fa Huang, "Using impedance plethymography technique for cuffless blood pressure measurement." International Conference on system man and cybernetics, Pages: 395-398, October 5-8 2017.
- [21] Shobitha s,Amitha P.M, Niranjana Kurupa B, "Cuffless blood pressure prediction from PPg Rrelevance Vector Machine", International Conference on electrical communication, computer and optimization technique Year: August 2017, Pages: 75-78.
- [22] Kun Ying Yeh, Ting Hao Lin, Chia ing chang, "A Cufflesss wearable system for real time cutaneous pressure monitoring with cloud computing assistance", 2018.











45.98



IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129







INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089 🕓 (24\*7 Support on Whatsapp)