



IJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 10 **Issue:** III **Month of publication:** March 2022

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2022.40911>

www.ijraset.com

Call:  08813907089

E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

Creation of Biologically Active Applications Based on Ficus Carical Fruit

Rakhimov Rakhmatilla Nurillayevich¹, Kadirova Shohida Ozotboyevna², Nazirova Yayra³, Yodgorov Baxtiyor Orziqulovich⁴

¹Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) in Chemical Sciences, Senior Researcher at the Laboratory of practical experimental technology of Institute of Bioorganic Chemistry named after A.S. Sadikov. Address: 100125 Tashkent city, Mirzo Ulugbek district, Mirzo Ulugbek avenue, 83.

²Doctoral student of Tashkent Pharmaceutical Institute, Address: TashFarMI, 45 Aybek Street, Tashkent 100015, tel: 871256 37 38

³Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) Uzbek Chemical Pharmaceutical Research Institute

⁴Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) in Chemical Sciences, Chirchik State Pedagogical Institute of Tashkent region, Address: 111700, Chirchik city, Amir Temur avenue, 104

Abstract: *Biologically active biologically active antioxidant, antihypoxant and immunomodulatory agent in the treatment of acute respiratory attacks of the upper respiratory tract (catarrh), tracheitis, bronchitis and bronchiectasis, based on the substance of the bioactive substances in the fruit of Ficus carica L (fig) biotechnologically bound with milk protein development is underway.*

Keywords: *tracheitis, bronchitis, bronchiectasis, lactose, casein, lactoferrin, antioxidant, antihypoxant, antiradical*

I. INTRODUCTION

Almost three-quarters of modern biotechnological products account for biologically active substances: enzymes, vitamins, flavonoids and other substances in biosynthetic preparations. Microbial synthesis of amino acids and microbial proteins is of great importance in biotechnology in the production of food additives and biocorrectors. A relatively new direction is the production of hypo- and allergen-free products from proteolytic enzymes, and a completely new direction - the use of enzyme preparations to change the functional and technological properties on the basis of raw milk materials, such as the basis of bifidobacteria - lactulose and its derivatives from lactose or whey-casein protein complexes. However, the study of low molecular weight cationic proteins of enzymatic nature derived from secondary milk raw materials - the main factors of the defense system of the human and animal body: angiogenin, lactoferrin, lactoperoxidase, lysozyme, pancreatic ribonucleases, etc. is relevant. They have specific properties - antioxidant, antimicrobial, immunomodulatory, anti-inflammatory, mutagenic effect, and therefore they can be used both in food and medicine.

II. PRACTICAL PART

In folk medicine, milk tincture from the fruits of *Ficus carica L.* is widely known as a means of treating acute catarrh of the upper respiratory tract (catarrhal), tracheitis, bronchitis and bronchiectasis attacks. The main principle of action is to enhance the healing properties of biologically active substances in their milk-protein complex. Figs also contain more fiber, potassium, calcium and iron than other medicinal plants.

Figs contain up to 88.9% of dry matter, 20% of sugars, 0.5% of organic acids, 2.8% of ascorbic acid and a sugar index of 13-15 to 25-27 (SKI, the ratio of sugar to acid). The composition of pectin is one of the indicators of the quality of figs, because the processing of pectin in combination with sugars and acids produces products that protect the human body from radioactive and toxic substances. Pectin is of great importance in general therapy, as it plays an important role in activating the hepatic and intestinal circulation and in removing excess cholesterol, preventing atherosclerosis.

Lardaro figs, which are common in Uzbekistan, are characterized by high content of leucoanthocyanins, especially anthocyanins, which belong to the group of flavonoids. One of the main properties of these compounds is to reduce the permeability and fragility of the walls of blood capillaries. In addition, flavonoids exhibit antioxidant, antiradiative, anti-cancer, anti-inflammatory, antispasmodic, hypotensive and bactericidal activity. Regular consumption of these compounds leads to a significant reduction in the risk of developing cardiovascular disease. The role of flavonoids in figs in regulating the activity of xenobiotic metabolic enzymes has also been identified.

The stages of preparation of substances by biotechnological methods of bioactive substances in plant raw materials with components of whey are as follows: Processing of fig mass in whey in fermentation-reactors-obtaining a catalyst component that coordinates specific processes, carrying out the necessary catalytic process due to abrupt changes in biotransformation environments, purification of the product, separation and purification of the main raw materials in the enzymatic mixture. Appropriate control of the obtained substance, the development of technology for the development of drug forms, in particular capsule drug form. Oral administration of drugs is the most natural and convenient way for the human body to receive drugs. Within 1-3 hours after ingestion, 75% of drugs capable of absorption in the gastrointestinal tract are taken orally. It is the most common due to the simplicity of production of oral dosage forms, ease of use, accuracy of doses and high level of effect. For this reason, pharmaceutical companies often produce effective substances in the form of capsules for oral administration. In view of the above, the bioactive substances in the fruit of *Ficus carica* L. (fig), widely used in folk medicine, are antioxidants in the treatment of acute respiratory attacks (catarrh), tracheitis, bronchitis and bronchiectasis, based on the substance biotechnologically bound with milk protein. The development of biologically active supplements with antihypoxant and immunomodulatory properties is underway. It is known that exposure to viruses such as influenza virus, parainfluenza, rhinoviruses, respiratory syncytial viruses, adenoviruses causes respiratory tract injury and general infectious intoxication syndrome, which leads to acute respiratory attacks of the upper respiratory tract (catarrh), tracheitis, bronchitis and bronchiectasis. will be. It is well known that complications of the Covid-19 virus, which is common today, have been added to the list of respiratory diseases. A sharp increase in the mutational changes of the virus is accompanied by an increase in the number of its genotypes and the occurrence of various complications, a highly negative impact on the body's immunity. For this reason, the practical application of drugs that are effective against inflammation of the upper respiratory tract and, in turn, have antioxidant, antihypoxant and immunomodulatory effects. In most cases, antibiotics, which are etiotropic, highly effective drugs, play a leading role in the treatment of bacterial and mixed infections of the upper respiratory tract. However, it should not be forgotten about the side effects of antibiotic therapy: the activation of opportunistic microorganisms as a result of the breakdown of the physiological microflora of the intestine and nasopharynx, including allergic reactions. Nowadays, doctors are increasingly preferring drugs based on homeopathic and medicinal plants. Because it is important in all of them with almost no side effects. This, of course, is due to the fact that today the range of drugs based on medicinal plants has increased by 70%. Also, the practical application of a relatively new direction in medicine - proteolytic enzyme preparations leads to an increase in the range of hypo- and allergen-free drugs that are harmless to the body. As a result, it will be possible to obtain bifidus-factor complex drugs based on whey-casein protein, which is a new functionally and technologically superior on the basis of milk protein. Such complex drugs have angiogenin, lactoferrin, lactoperoxidase, lysozyme, pancreatic ribonuclease, antioxidant, antimicrobial, immunomodulatory, anti-inflammatory, antimutagenic effect.

III. CONCLUSION

Bioactive substances in the fruit of *Ficus carica* L. (fig), widely used in folk medicine, based on the substance biotechnologically bound with milk protein, are used in the treatment of acute upper respiratory tract infections (catarrh), tracheitis, bronchitis and bronchiectasis, antioxidant, antihypoxant and immunomodulatory. The development of biologically active additives with properties can be carried out.

REFERENCES

- [1] Xolmatov X.X, Axmedov U.A Farmakognoziya -1 qism.-Toshkent: Fan, 2007.
- [2] Рахимов Р.Н, Ш.О.Кадилова, М.Р.Юлдашева, К.У.Комилов // *Euphorbia* ўсимлигидан олинган таннин изомерларини оксиллар билан бириктишдаги ўзига хосликлари // Academic Reserch in Educational Sciences, Volume 2, ISSUE 8, ISSN 2181-1384, SJIF 5.723, 2021. DOI:10.24412/2181-1384-2021-8-231-238
- [3] Рахимов Р.Н., Кадилова Ш.О., Ёдгоров Б.О., Комилов К.У., Абдулладжанова Н.Г., // *Hippophae rhamnoides* L. (Elaeagnaceae) ўсимлиги кимёвий таркиби // Academic Reserch in Educational Sciences, Volume 2, ISSUE 8, ISSN 2181-1385, SJIF 5.723, 2021.DOI:10.24412/2181-1385-2021-11-300-304
- [4] Rakhimov R. N, Khoshimov N. N, Kurbanova A. Dj, Komilov K.U, Makhmanov D.M, Kadirova Sh. O, Abdulladjanova N.G. Isolation of new ellagitannins from plants of Euphorbiaceae and its effect on calcium transport in the nerve cell of the rat brain. *Annals of the Romanian Society for Cell Biology*, 2021,25(6),2758–2768.IF-0.03. Retrieved from <https://www.annalsofrscb.ro/index.php/journal/article/view/5900>
- [5] Rakhimov R.N., Kadirova Sh.O., Komilov K.U.,Kurbanova A.Dj., Doliyev G.A. // Elucidation of structures of new ellagitannins from plants of Euphorbiaceae // Medical drugs for humons. Modern issues of pharmacotherapy and prescription of medicine. Materials of the V international Scientific and practical conference. Ukraina. Xarkiv. P.112-114. 2021
- [6] Rakhimov R.N.,Ахмедов Ф.А., Кадилова Ш.О., Комилов К.У.,Kurbanova A.Dj // 1-О-галлоил-6-О-бисгаллоил-2,4-валонеил б –Д-глюкоза ва 1-О-галлоил-2,3-гексагидроксидифеноил4.6-валонеил-б-д-глюкозанинг кимёвий структурасига боглик вазорелаксанти таъсири // Абу Али Ибн Сино ва замонавий фармацевтикада инновациялар IV халқаро илмий амалий анжуман мақолалар тўплами С. 174
- [7] Moyninov I. I, Pozilov M.K, Kurbanova A.Dj, Zaynabiddinov A.E, Abdugafurov I.A, Rakhimov R.N. Effects of new 1st, 2nd, 3rd triazole products on biochemical indicators of blood plasma and activity of liver antioxidant in diabetes caused by alloxan. *Turkish Journal of Computer and Mathematics Education*. Vol.12 No. 14, P.1-9.(2021).



- [8] Raimova K.V, Abdulladjanova N.G, Kurbanova M.A, Makhmanov D.M, Kadirova Sh.O, Tashpulatov F.N, Juraev Sh.Sh, Matchanov A.D. // Comprehensive study of the chemical composition of urtica dioica l. // Journal of Critical Reviews. ISSN-2394-5125, Vol 7, Issue 5, 2020, P.750- 755. DOI:// dx.doi.org/jcr.07.03.81
- [9] Qodirova Sh.O, Abdulladjanova N.G, Ziyayev D.A, Komilov Q.O, Elmurodov B, Shamuratov B.A, Ziyavitdinov J.F // Elucidation of structures of new ellagitannins from plants of Euphorbiaceous // Journal of Critical Reviews. ISSN-2394-5125, Vol 7, Issue 3. 2020, P.431- 437. DOI:// dx.doi.org/jcr.07.03.81
- [10] Кадирова Ш.О, Долиев Ғ.А, Гайибов У.Ғ, Абдуллажанов О, Абдулладжанова Н.Ғ. // Ўсимликлардан ажратиб олинган таннинларнинг биологик фаолликлари // Ахборотнома. НамДУ. №1. 2020 й. Б. -85- 92



10.22214/IJRASET



45.98



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.129



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.429



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089  (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)