



IJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 11 **Issue:** XI **Month of publication:** November 2023

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2023.56644>

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License Plate Recognition: A Brief Overview

Deepshikha Gupta¹, Bushra Khan², Ayush Agarwal³

Department of Computer Science and Engineering, Galgotias College of Engineering and Technology, India

Abstract: *The License Plate Recognition system is a technological solution designed to automatically capture and interpret license plate information from vehicles. Utilizing a blend of object detection, character segmentation, optical character recognition (OCR) and image processing, ANPR systems play a pivotal role in bolstering security, optimizing traffic management, and supporting diverse applications such as toll collection and parking management. Equipped with high-resolution cameras and advanced algorithms, these systems are integral to modern surveillance and transportation, providing solutions that enhance safety and operational efficiency.*

Keywords: *YOLO, CNN, Character Segmentation, OCR, OpenCV.*

I. INTRODUCTION

License Plate Recognition (LPR) systems also known as Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) systems, have become an indispensable component of modern surveillance and traffic management. ANPR technology is designed to automatically capture and interpret license plate information from vehicles in real-time. This system relies on a combination of optical character recognition (OCR) and image processing techniques to extract alphanumeric characters from license plates, allowing for swift and accurate identification of vehicles. The primary function of an ANPR system is to enhance security and streamline various applications. Law enforcement agencies deploy ANPR systems to identify and track vehicles involved in criminal activities, such as stolen cars, or to monitor traffic for violations. Parking facilities and toll booths use ANPR to manage access and billing efficiently. Moreover, ANPR systems can aid in identifying vehicles in emergencies, such as AMBER alerts or missing persons cases.

The core components of an ANPR system typically include cameras, illumination sources, image sensors, and powerful software for image processing and character recognition. Advanced ANPR systems are capable of capturing license plates in diverse environmental conditions, including varying lighting and weather conditions, while maintaining high accuracy. The data collected can be integrated with databases to cross-reference and provide real-time information to authorities.

In summary, ANPR systems play a pivotal role in enhancing security, managing traffic, a facilitating various application. Their ability to automatically read and interpret license plates has led to their widespread adoption in law enforcement, transportation, and commercial sectors, making them an indispensable tool in the modern world.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The real-time Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) system plays vital roles in both access control and traffic management, applicable in various scenarios from traffic regulation to intelligent surveillance. Prior ANPR systems utilized techniques like edge detection and contouring for efficient detection of the vehicle number plate area. Additional discussion on fundamental image processing methods allows the ANPR system to adjust to factors such as brightness and plate angle constraints. A differentiation between online and offline ANPR systems reveals that online systems interpret incoming video frames for instantaneous tracking, whereas offline systems process captured images offline, leveraging the OpenCV library—an optimal selection for real-time implementation.

- 1) In 2018, *Fakhar et al.* introduced an affordable ANPR system using a camera mounted on Raspberry Pi. Images for ANPR processing were captured from CCTV cameras which allowed the system to instantly detect plate numbers and store relevant vehicle registration and security information. This real-time system further used image processing techniques like denoising, filtering, and segmentation of captured images, contributing to reduced check-in times and enhanced smart check-in/check-out procedures.
- 2) Addressing plate recognition challenges, *Chou and Liu* proposed a real-time Number Plate Recognition system for Trucks (TNPR) using YOLO as well as CNN-based DL architectures. The system emphasized on video-based identification, considering both static and motion features in order to enhance its overall accuracy and reliability. They introduced an Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) that achieved a high confidence accuracy of 93.73% in plate localization as well as a single character identification rate of 97.59%.

- 3) *R. N. Babu et al.* employed state-of-the-art DL techniques in their vehicle plate recognition system, which integrates OCR and Wireless Sensor Network (WSN). The proposed solution adeptly identified number plates of moving or parked vehicles, contributing to a notable reduction in check-in times. The accuracy achieved for number plate character recognition is noteworthy, reaching 91%. It was accomplished through a 37-class CNN model trained with YOLOv3.
- 4) *Ariff et al.* used diverse segmentation techniques, mainly Savoula segmentation and Niblack, to process 100 Malaysian vehicle number plates, achieving an accuracy of 83%. The inclusion of the template matching technique in their system facilitated character classification, thereby enhancing the overall recognition process. Their approach significantly improves the accuracy and reliability of number plate recognition systems, particularly for noisy images.
- 5) *Virakwan and Nui Din* introduced an ANPR System in POLIMAS, emphasizing the verification of registered automobiles' entry into a specific area. They implemented a webcam with various orientations—front, back, front top, and rear top. They used Sobel and Laplacian edge detectors for character area identification, using a bounding box. This approach achieved a high accuracy rate of 95.83% in plate localization. The OCR phase utilized eigenvector and correlation techniques, resulting in a character recognition accuracy of 87.41%.

III. METHODOLOGY

A. Object detection using YOLO framework

YOLO is an object detection deep learning framework renowned for its real-time efficiency. YOLOv5, its latest version, demonstrates superior performance, making it an ideal choice for real-time applications.

- 1) *Frame Acquisition:* In order to achieve real-time precision within the ANPR system, the YOLO framework, specifically YOLOv5 was selected for the detection of front and rear vehicles. YOLOv5, known for its higher mean average precision, underwent evaluation to assess its effectiveness in recording vehicle check-in/check-out events within the access control system.
- 2) *Image Pre-processing:* Prior to employing YOLOv5 object detection, several image pre-processing techniques are applied to enhance the overall quality of the images. These include grey scaling to simplify color information, denoising for noise reduction, histogram equalization for contrast enhancement, thresholding for binarization, and morphology operations for additional noise reduction and refinement. These sequential pre-processing steps collectively establish a robust foundation for the subsequent OCR-based pipeline, ensuring that the input images are optimized for accurate and efficient object detection.
- 3) *Object Detection Using YOLOv5:* YOLOv5 is configured for both front/rear vehicle detection and number plate localization.
 - a) *Front/Rear Detection and Localization:* YOLOv5 is configured with specific hyperparameters for real-time video frame analysis, emphasizing precision in recording vehicle check-in/check-out events. Parameters include anchor box sizes, confidence thresholds, and non-maximum suppression thresholds.
 - b) *Number Plate Detection and Localization:* YOLOv5 is fine-tuned with optimized hyperparameters, including learning rates and batch sizes, to ensure accurate localization of number plates.
 - c) *Data Augmentation:* To enhance generalization, data augmentation techniques such as random rotations, flips, and scaling are employed during the training phase of YOLOv5.

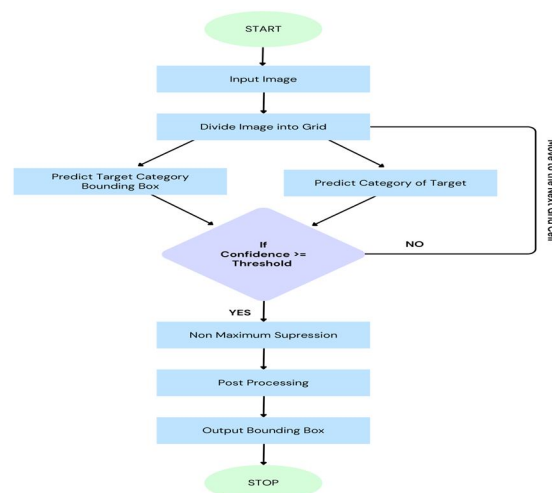


Fig. 1.1 YOLOv5 object detection flowchart

- 4) *Integration and Performance:* The seamless integration of YOLOv5 into the ANPR system ensures a balance between real-time performance and high precision. The preprocessing steps contribute significantly to improved image quality, a prerequisite for the success of the OCR-based pipeline.
- 5) *Evaluation:* YOLOv5's performance is evaluated using mean average precision (mAP) to ensure accurate vehicle and number plate detection in ANPR scenarios.
 - a) *Comparative Analysis:* A direct comparison with earlier YOLO versions showcases improved precision, faster inference, and enhanced computational efficiency in YOLOv5. YOLOv5 is also assessed against alternative object detection frameworks, highlighting its competitive accuracy and real-time capabilities.
 - b) *Real-time Precision:* YOLO is also preferred because of its real-time precision, crucial for capturing dynamic events in access control scenarios.
- 6) *Result Visualization:* Detected objects, including bounding boxes, are visualized on the original image to provide a tangible representation of YOLOv5's performance.

The integration of the YOLO framework into the ANPR system's methodology ensures a balance between real-time performance and high precision, particularly in the detection of front/rear vehicles and accurate localization of number plates. The chosen preprocessing steps contribute to improved image quality, a prerequisite for the success of the OCR-based pipeline.

B. Character Segmentation Techniques

Character Segmentation is a critical step in Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR), involving the extraction of individual alphanumeric characters from the localized license plate area. This process is pivotal for subsequent Optical Character Recognition (OCR) tasks, demanding the application of sophisticated methods to ensure precise character isolation.

- 1) *Connected Component Analysis (CCA):* Connected Component Analysis identifies and segments connected regions within a binary image, typically obtained through thresholding after localizing the license plate. Distinct regions, representing connected components, are meticulously analyzed to pinpoint and isolate individual characters. The method involves handling thresholding techniques and intricate region analysis.
- 2) *Vertical or Horizontal Projection:* The Vertical or Horizontal Projection method projects intensity values along the vertical or horizontal axis to identify regions of heightened intensity, potentially corresponding to characters. Peaks in the projection profile serve as cues for potential character boundaries within the license plate. This method requires careful analysis of intensity profiles for accurate segmentation.
- 3) *Edge Detection:* Edge detection algorithms, like the Sobel operator or Canny edge detector, are strategically applied to locate edges within the license plate area. Distinct edges exhibited by characters serve as key features for segmentation, effectively isolating individual characters. Implementation involves the judicious application of edge detection algorithms to capture accurate character edges.
- 4) *Sliding Windows:* The Sliding Windows approach systematically traverses a small window across the license plate area. The window is strategically positioned to cover a potential character, and its contents undergo meticulous analysis. Implementation requires defining optimal window sizes and movement patterns for effective character coverage.
- 5) *Template Matching:* Template Matching involves creating templates for individual characters, subsequently employed in a matching process within the license plate area. The template with the highest similarity score serves as a reliable indicator of the presence and location of characters. Effective implementation demands the generation of robust templates and precise matching algorithms.
- 6) *Machine Learning Techniques:* Machine learning, particularly Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), is increasingly favored for character segmentation in ANPR. CNNs are trained to recognize and accurately segment characters, leveraging deep learning for enhanced precision. Implementation involves extensive training datasets and the development of intricate neural network architectures.

Character segmentation in ANPR demands precise algorithmic implementation through a strategic combination of techniques. Connected Component Analysis (CCA) requires adept handling of thresholding and region analysis, while projection methods scrutinize intensity profiles. Machine learning, especially CNNs, relies on extensive training datasets. Researchers choose these methods for their robustness and adaptability. Key considerations include computational efficiency, adaptability to varying conditions, and addressing real-world challenges. Continuous refinement through experimentation is vital, underscoring the commitment to optimizing character segmentation for the overall success and reliability of ANPR systems.

C. Character recognition using OCR

- 1) **System Setup:** Acquire the necessary hardware components, including high-resolution cameras with adjustable lenses to capture clear images, image sensors for image acquisition, illumination sources for consistent lighting, and a computer with a powerful processor and ample storage capacity to process and store data. Ensure the placement of cameras at locations with a clear line of sight to passing vehicles, while considering factors such as camera angles and distances for optimal image capture.
- 2) **Software Installation:** Install the Easy OCR software on the designated computer and ensure all necessary software updates are applied. Set up a user-friendly interface for system operators to configure and monitor the OCR software.
- 3) **Camera Calibration:** Calibrate the cameras to ensure color accuracy, contrast, and resolution. This calibration process minimizes variations due to lighting changes and environmental factors. Create a calibration schedule to periodically check and adjust camera settings as needed to maintain image quality.
- 4) **Image Capture:** Configure the system to continuously capture images of passing vehicles with a focus on real-time processing. Implement motion detection and triggering mechanisms to capture images only when vehicles are within the camera's view, saving storage space and processing resources.
- 5) **OCR Configuration:** Customize OCR settings to account for different license plate styles, fonts, and characters. Configure the OCR software to handle distorted or partially obstructed plates, ensuring a high rate of character recognition.

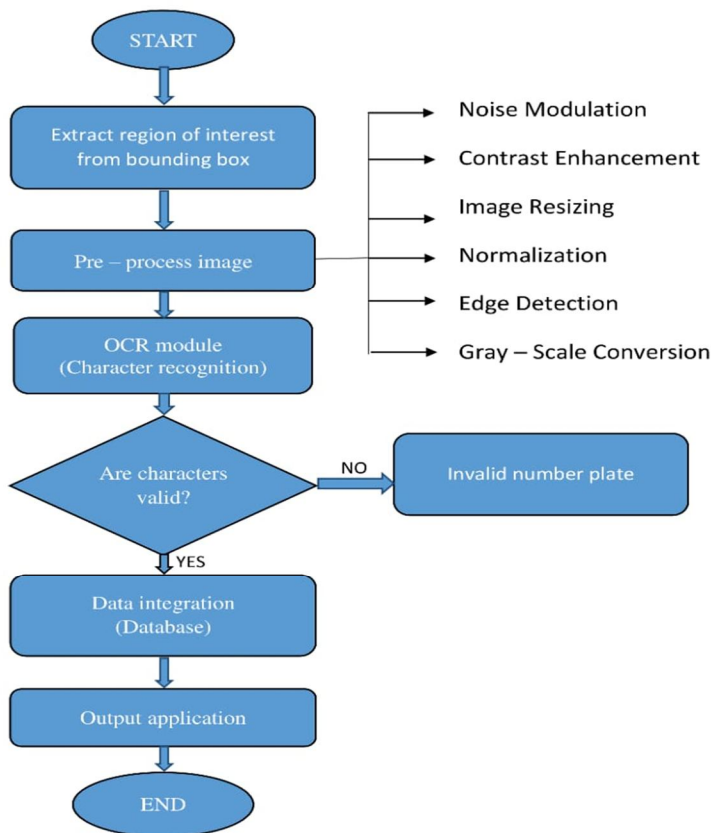


Fig. 1.2 Steps involved in OCR

- 6) **Character Recognition:** Implement advanced character recognition algorithms, including noise reduction and image enhancement techniques, to improve OCR accuracy. Use machine learning models to continually train the OCR software for improved recognition performance.
- 7) **Data Integration:** Establish a secure connection between the OCR system and the database for seamless data exchange. Implement encryption protocols to protect sensitive license plate information in transit and at rest.
- 8) **Application Development:** Create specific applications for different use cases, such as security, access control, parking management, or toll collection. Develop user-friendly interfaces for system operators and administrators to access and manage the data.

- 9) *Testing and Optimization:* Conduct extensive testing in various lighting and weather conditions to ensure the system performs reliably. Optimize the OCR software's performance by continually analyzing recognition results and making necessary adjustments.
- 10) *Deployment:* Install the AVI system at designated locations, ensuring proper alignment and functioning of all components. Train operators and administrators on system usage, maintenance, and troubleshooting procedures.
- 11) *Ongoing Maintenance:* Establish a routine maintenance schedule to clean and inspect cameras and equipment. Keep the OCR software updated with the latest algorithms and improvements to maintain high accuracy levels.

IV. CONCLUSION

In summary, the Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) system stands as an innovative technological marvel with versatile applications and profound implications. The ANPR system's capacity to autonomously capture, decipher, and process license plate data has ushered in a transformative era for security, traffic management, and access control across various domains. Supported by Optical Character Recognition (OCR) technology and YOLO and intricate algorithms, ANPR technology has the potential to elevate law enforcement, optimize parking and toll collection, and serve as a valuable asset in emergency scenarios. The success of ANPR systems pivots on the precision of image capture, the efficiency of OCR software, and seamless data integration with databases. This technology not only provides real-time information but also contributes to data analytics and long-term strategic planning. As ANPR continues to advance, it presents both opportunities and challenges. Balancing privacy concerns with security benefits is of paramount importance, as is ensuring the ethical use of ANPR data. Moreover, ongoing enhancements in accuracy and adaptability are imperative for the sustained success of the system. In the years to come, ANPR is poised to play an increasingly pivotal role in our contemporary world, furthering security measures, optimizing traffic management, and contributing to a safer and more efficient society. As technology and data management techniques evolve, ANPR remains a promising and influential tool for a wide spectrum of applications. Its future holds the promise of enhancing public safety, streamlining transportation, and bolstering law enforcement endeavors.

V. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We would like to take this moment to express our heartfelt gratitude to all those who contributed to the successful completion of our college project on the Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) system. First and foremost, we extend sincere appreciation to our college faculty and advisors for their guidance, support, and mentorship throughout the project. Their expertise and encouragement were invaluable in shaping the project and expanding our understanding of ANPR technology.

We also acknowledge our fellow classmates and friends who provided insights, suggestions, and moral support during the project's development, greatly enriching the project's outcomes. Deep gratitude goes to the open-source community and the developers who created and maintained the software tools, libraries, and resources instrumental in implementing the ANPR system. Their dedication to open-source principles played a key role in advancing our project. Special thanks to our project guide Prof. Pallavi Goel and project coordinators Manish Kumar Sharma and Sanjay Khakhil, whose participation provided invaluable insights.

Additionally, we thank the college's laboratory staff for providing access to necessary equipment and facilities, allowing us to conduct experiments and tests for the project. Lastly, we appreciate the support of our families for their unwavering encouragement and understanding throughout this academic endeavor. This college project would not have been possible without the collective efforts and contributions of these individuals and resources. We are committed to further refining and expanding our knowledge in the field of ANPR and look forward to more opportunities for exploration and research. Thank you once again to all those who have been a part of this journey.

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