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NFTCert: Streamlining Certificate Creation and Verification with Blockchain and NFTs

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Abstract: *This project emerges from the need to address the inefficiencies and vulnerabilities in traditional certificate management and authentication processes across various industries. The project's central objective is to develop an innovative solution by harnessing the power of blockchain technology, with a specific focus on leveraging the Polygon blockchain. The problem it aims to solve is the cumbersome and often error-prone nature of certificate creation and verification. Traditional methods lack transparency and are susceptible to fraud and unauthorized alterations. This project presents an approach to autonomously generate certificates using predefined templates, streamlining the entire certificate creation process. These certificates, along with their associated metadata, are securely stored on the blockchain in the form of non-fungible tokens (NFTs), ensuring immutability and traceability. The methodology employed involves the integration of blockchain and NFT technology to provide a robust and efficient system for certificate management and authentication. It emphasizes transparency, security, and efficiency throughout the process. While the full results and details are discussed in the research paper, this project's implications are far-reaching. It has the potential to revolutionize how certificates are issued, managed, and authenticated across multiple sectors. By enhancing the efficiency and security of this critical component, the project contributes to increased trust, reduced fraud, and improved overall workflow efficiency in industries reliant on certificates.*

Keywords: *Immutability, Traceability, Blockchain, Fraud reduction, Non - Fungible Tokens.*

I. INTRODUCTION

In today's digital landscape, the management and authentication of certificates play a pivotal role across numerous industries. Certificates serve as the cornerstone of trust, offering assurance in domains such as education, healthcare, finance, and supply chain management. However, the conventional methods employed for creating and validating certificates are marred by inefficiencies, vulnerabilities, and a lack of transparency.

This research project is driven by the imperative to address these issues head-on. At its heart is the utilization of blockchain technology, with a particular focus on harnessing the capabilities of the Polygon blockchain. The project's central objective is to streamline the laborious and often error-prone process of certificate creation and verification. Traditional methods, rooted in legacy systems, exhibit limitations that hinder progress and raise concerns about reliability. Our approach seeks to instigate a transformative shift by enabling the autonomous generation of certificates through predefined templates. This automation eliminates the human error and repetition frequently associated with manual certificate creation, making the process significantly more efficient and dependable. Furthermore, these certificates, accompanied by their metadata, find a secure home on the blockchain, preserved as non-fungible tokens (NFTs).

This guarantees immutability and traceability throughout their lifecycle. This paper delineates the methodology we employ, emphasizing the seamless integration of blockchain and NFT technology into certificate management and authentication processes. The result is a robust, secure, and efficient system that places transparency and trustworthiness at its core. While detailed results and intricate aspects are explored in later sections, it's crucial to underscore the profound potential of this project. It stands poised to revolutionize the issuance, management, and authentication of certificates across multiple sectors. By enhancing the efficiency and security of this pivotal element, the project promises to significantly boost trust, reduce fraud, and enhance overall workflow efficiency in industries heavily reliant on certificates.

In the subsequent sections, we will delve deeper into our methodology, present empirical evidence of its effectiveness, and discuss the broad impacts and applications of this innovative approach. The journey begins with an examination of the shortcomings of traditional certificate management and authentication processes, leading to a detailed exploration of the blockchain-based solution set to redefine these essential components of trust and reliability.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

- 1) A paper by Saleh, Omar S., Osman Ghazali [1], and Muhammad Ehsan Rana focuses on enhancing document verification, particularly in the context of educational certificates, using blockchain technology[1]. It identifies key security themes such as authentication, authorization, privacy, confidentiality, and ownership as essential for this process. The proposed framework, based on Hyperledger Fabric, aims to ensure trustworthiness, permission control, and data protection in certificate verification. Future work involves implementing and adopting this framework in educational institutions to combat document fraud effectively [1].
- 2) The paper by Zaman, Nihat, and Nursena BAYĖIN [2] addresses the challenges posed by the digitization of certificates issued by institutions and companies. It highlights issues like security risks, copyright infringement, and fake certificates in the digital realm. The proposed solution aims to use blockchain technology, particularly smart contracts, to create and verify certificates, making them traceable and tamper-proof. Additionally, the study suggests utilizing NFTs to ensure intellectual property rights and easy online monitoring of certificates. The combination of blockchain and NFTs is seen as a means to enhance certificate security and authenticity in the digital environment. Future plans involve implementing this approach in a real-world application, although transaction fees on the Ethereum blockchain have not been considered in this initial study[2].
- 3) A paper by Lim, Joe Onn, and Diyana Kamarudin addresses certificate fraudulence by proposing the use of NFTs and blockchain technology for secure certification[3]. It highlights the lack of coordination among stakeholders, emphasizing paper qualifications over real credentials. While NFTs offer potential solutions, challenges include low adoption and the need for education on NFT technology[3].
- 4) A paper by Lim, Joe Onn, and Diyana Kamarudin [4] ensure the authenticity of exotic fish, digital certifications are crucial. However, the susceptibility to fraud in the certification process calls for a robust solution. Implementing blockchain technology, including smart contracts and NFTs, enhances security and traceability by distributing data across the network. This innovative approach not only combats fraudulent certificates but also offers cost-effective and efficient certification management for the exotic fish industry, addressing current gaps and ensuring data integrity[4].
- 5) A paper by Zhao, Xiongfei, and Yain-Whar Si[5] presents NFTCert, a novel certificate framework that replaces traditional paper-based certificates with NFTs while not relying on cryptocurrencies[5]. NFTCert aims to enhance usability, authenticity, confidentiality, transparency, and availability in certificate verification. It leverages the unique and tamper-proof nature of NFTs to combat the increasing fraud in educational certificates. The framework also introduces online payment options for fees, simplifies certificate verification, and centralizes educational certificates for easy access. Future work involves evaluating efficiency, reliability, and introducing incentives to enhance the NFTCert framework's robustness[5].
- 6) The paper by Ghazali, Osman, and Omar S. Saleh[6] proposes a Graduation Certificate Verification Model using blockchain technology[6]. It aims to enhance the security and accessibility of academic certificates. The model covers the design, implementation, and benefits of a blockchain-based certificate verification platform for educational institutions, employers, and other stakeholders. The paper also explores technical, legal, and regulatory aspects[6].
- 7) The paper by Rustemi, Avni,[7] explores the complex field of applying blockchain technology to academic credential verification[7]. This thorough systematic literature review, written by Avni Rustemi, Fisnik Dalipi, Vladimir Atanasovski, and Aleksandar Risteski, attempts to give readers a broad picture of the state of research and progress in this developing field. Blockchain technology has a lot of promise because of the growing worry over phony certifications and the necessity for quick, safe verification procedures. Through a thorough analysis and summary of the corpus of existing literature, this paper aims to close this gap by providing readers with not only a comprehensive understanding but also a roadmap for future research and innovation in this crucial field of blockchain use[7].
- 8) The paper by Ayub Khan, Abdullah,[8] The publication "Educational Blockchain: A Secure Degree Attestation and Verification Traceability Architecture for Higher Education Commission" offers a cutting-edge solution to the pressing problems related to degree attestation and verification in the higher education industry[8]. The novel educational blockchain architecture presented in this article guarantees the security[8].
- 9) The paper by Abdullahi, Muhammad Umar, G. I. O. Aimufua, and Adamu Aminu[9] presents a novel system that aims to transform the processes of providing certificates and verifying them[9]. Quick Response (QR) codes and blockchain technology are combined in this paper's innovative method to improve the security, speed, and transparency of certificate management procedures[9].

- 10) The paper by Lamkoti, Ravi Singh[10], introduces an integrated system that uses blockchain technology to improve the security and dependability of processes related to verifying certificates. It also introduces a productive way to generate transcripts for academic purposes[10]. This paper provides a strong solution intended to handle the problems with certificate verification and transcript creation in many sectors, including education and professional certification.
- 11) A paper by Aini, Qurotul[11], proposes a novel certificate revocation management and status verification system leveraging blockchain technology. This system addresses critical issues such as centralization, cost, and privacy concerns associated with existing methods[11]. Unlike previous blockchain-based solutions, it remains compatible with the X509 standard and current web infrastructure. Furthermore, the system significantly reduces the time required for conveying revocation information through the use of Bloom filters and public blockchain. The results of our implementation on a testbed demonstrate superior performance compared to traditional OCSP and CRL-based systems. Future research will focus on worst-case scenarios to ensure robustness and explore alternatives to downloading large revocation lists from servers[11].
- 12) A paper by Ayuninggati, Tsara, Eka Purnama Harahap, and Raihan Junior[12] presents "supply chain management,"[12] a cutting-edge hybrid public key infrastructure that combines the best features of two cutting-edge architectural paradigms. It tackles the weaknesses connected to conventional certifying bodies. This gives domain owners the option to revoke certificates and reply to authorities right away. It also removes the requirement for clients to maintain or store trustworthy keys, decreasing dependency on browser manufacturers. Security research reveals that supply chain management offers strong defense against deceptive attacks and strong opponents, giving you more control over important variables. Additionally, it optimizes blockchain data storage by drastically lowering transaction frequency and data volume. The results indicate that supply chain management is a workable approach with possible practical uses. Subsequent efforts will concentrate on integrating this methodology into pre-existing blockchain frameworks and delineating precise prerequisites and protocols for appending and expunging certifying authorities and server logs[12].
- 13) The paper by Kumar, K. Dinesh, P. Senthil, and DS Manoj Kumar[13] presents a compelling solution to the time-consuming challenges faced by employers in the hiring process[13]. The traditional certificate verification process, which often results in delays in extending offer letters, can be significantly expedited through blockchain's implementation. The blockchain's inherent features, such as transparency and data immutability, offer a distributed ledger where network nodes validate and reach a final consensus on adding data. Academic certificate generation becomes an open and decentralized process, enabling organizations and parties to effortlessly verify the authenticity of certificates. Moreover, the Ethereum blockchain adds an extra layer of security by encrypting data, ensuring that only certificate owners have access to and control over their credentials. This innovation enables academic institutions to collaborate with employers, creating a unified platform for publishing and verifying credentials, ultimately eradicating the issue of fraudulent educational certificates[13].
- 14) A paper by Ansori, Muhammad Rasyid Redha[14], This paper introduces an innovative approach to streamline achievement verification through the use of non-transferable Non-fungible Tokens (NFTs) stored on the Ethereum blockchain[14]. By adopting NFTs as digital certificates, the traditional hassles associated with certificate verification are alleviated, offering learners a secure and easily traceable method to validate their achievements. The proposed scheme, which modifies the ERC721 token standard to prevent certificate transfer, shows promise in enhancing the certificate management process. However, future work could focus on implementing batch minting to reduce transaction costs and devising a more comprehensive smart contract design to enable users to track their digital certificates more efficiently. This research not only presents a practical solution for credential verification but also highlights the potential for further advancements in the integration of blockchain technology and NFTs in the education and certification domain[14].
- 15) The paper by Arul Murugavel, B.[15] presents a transformative approach to combat the prevalence of counterfeit certificates by introducing them as Non-Fungible Tokens (NFTs) stored on the blockchain[15]. The adoption of NFTs ensures the immutability of certificates, making it exceedingly challenging to produce fake ones. These certificates are minted and transferred through cryptocurrency transactions, with smart contracts governing the confirmation process by verified organizations. While implementing certificates as NFTs offers a promising solution to counterfeit certificates, it's essential to acknowledge that its widespread adoption may take time, requiring users to become accustomed to using crypto wallets and corresponding addresses for certificate receipt and verification. Moreover, utilizing Polygon (MATIC Token) for cost-effective transactions instead of Bitcoin or Ethereum presents an attractive alternative. This innovative approach holds the potential to significantly reduce fraudulent certificates, provided it garners acceptance and user familiarity within the certification ecosystem[15].

- 16) The paper by Arwindekar, Mrs Geeta[16] simplifies every step of the process, including creating hackathon structures, welcoming participants, monitoring advancement, organizing events, marketing, awarding certifications, and enabling safe payments using blockchain and online gateways[16]. Hackathons are essential for assessing applicants, and HackFest digitizes the conventional method to increase productivity. By removing the hazards connected with conventional approaches, it introduces cutting-edge features like proctoring and NFT certification to improve trust and security in digital hackathons[16].
- 17) A paper by Shakan, Yassynzhan[17] presents the UniverCert platform, which makes use of blockchain technology. Conventional documents[17] are prone to unwanted modifications and do not include comprehensive information on academic achievement. UniverCert provides educational institutions with a consortium solution to safely manage student data, validate academic performance, and exchange documents. It is built on the decentralized blockchain of Ethereum. It offers a strong system for credit transfer and student progress tracking in higher education by streamlining registration, verification, and document validity. The platform will be implemented across other institutions in the future[17].
- 18) The paper by Shakan, Yassynzhan[18], addresses the problem of fake educational certificates in India[18]. The credibility of certificate holders and issuing institutions is undermined by traditional certificates' lack of transparency and ease of forgery. The suggested method makes use of the immutability of blockchain technology to produce digital certificates with anti-counterfeit capabilities. The procedure entails keeping the hash value of the electronic certificate data on the blockchain. For paper certificates, the system creates QR codes and query strings that allow for mobile or website-based authenticity verification. This blockchain-based approach lowers the possibility of certificate fraud and offers a dependable method for document verification while improving data security, transparency, and information correctness[18].
- 19) A paper by Shakan, Yassynzhan[19], delves further into the use cases and ways that blockchain technology supports NFT. Due to growing public interest, the market for non-fungible tokens, or NFTs, has grown rapidly to be worth billions of dollars. NFTs are digital assets linked to exclusive digital material, like music or photos. Individual NFTs frequently sell for millions or tens of millions of dollars. Brands, artists, and consumer goods corporations are producing NFT collections[19].
- 20) A paper by Wu, Chih-Hung, and Chien-Yu Liu.[20] investigates the application of non-fungible tokens (NFTs) in education[20]. Through a case study and analysis, 10 educational NFT applications—including textbooks, micro-certificates, and artwork—are identified as it looks at the prospective and present uses of NFTs in education. Methods for reducing the environmental damage caused by education NFTs are also covered in the paper[20].

A. *Research Gap and Problem Found in Existing System*

The research project "NFTCert: Streamlining certificate creation and verification using blockchain and NFT" addresses a significant gap in the existing body of research on certificate verification and authentication. Many of the existing systems, as highlighted in the provided research papers, face several common challenges. Firstly, the traditional paper-based certificate systems lack transparency and are susceptible to forgery, posing a significant security risk. These systems often rely on third-party verification services, introducing cost and complexity into the process. Furthermore, they do not fully harness the benefits of blockchain technology, resulting in inefficiencies, and are often plagued by coordination issues among stakeholders. On the other hand, the projects and systems mentioned primarily focus on specific applications or use cases of blockchain and NFT technology, leaving a gap in offering a comprehensive, user-friendly, and affordable solution for certificate management across diverse industries. NFTCert seeks to bridge this gap by providing a versatile, end-to-end system that allows organizations to create, verify, and store certificates on the Polygon blockchain, eliminating the need for costly third-party services and enhancing transparency, security, and efficiency. NFTCert's emphasis on real-world usability and potential to revolutionize the certificate management process sets it apart from the existing literature, which often remains theoretical or lacks a holistic solution for certificate management challenges.

III. EXISTING SYSTEM

Existing certificate management systems often face several challenges when it comes to generating, storing, and verifying certificates. Traditional paper-based systems are often cumbersome and vulnerable to fraud, as certificates can be easily forged or tampered with. Many digital systems are not much better, lacking transparency and security. These systems typically store certificate data in centralized databases, which can be susceptible to data breaches. Verification processes are often manual and time-consuming, relying on third-party verification services.

The lack of a standardized, secure, and user-friendly approach to certificate management can lead to inefficiencies, increased costs, and a lack of trust in the authenticity of certificates.

This is where NFTCert steps in, introducing a revolutionary approach that leverages blockchain and NFT technology to create a secure, efficient, and user-friendly system for generating, storing, and verifying certificates. NFTCert's unique solution addresses these shortcomings by making the entire process transparent, secure, and decentralized, significantly improving the reliability and trustworthiness of certificates.

IV. PROPOSED SYSTEM

In the proposed system, we introduce a comprehensive solution that streamlines the certificate creation and verification processes with a strong focus on security, efficiency, and decentralization. Users initiate the process after login, and from there, two parallel processes ensue.

First, the 'Certificate Creation' process allows users to request certificates, select templates, generate certificates, include metadata, convert them into non-fungible tokens (NFTs), and seamlessly integrate them with the Polygon blockchain. This innovative approach ensures the immutability and traceability of each certificate, preventing unauthorized alterations and fraud. Simultaneously, the 'Certificate Verification' process allows users to request certificate verification. The system checks the certificate identifier, queries the blockchain for verification, and validates the certificate's authenticity, providing prompt and trustworthy results.

However, one of the groundbreaking features of our system lies in its approach to storage. In addition to blockchain integration, we leverage the InterPlanetary File System (IPFS) to securely store certificates.

This decentralization strategy ensures that certificates are not only tamper-proof but also accessible and retrievable from a distributed network, reducing the reliance on centralized storage systems. By combining these elements, our system enhances certificate management, offers robust verification, and contributes to the broader goal of improving trust and efficiency across industries reliant on certificates.

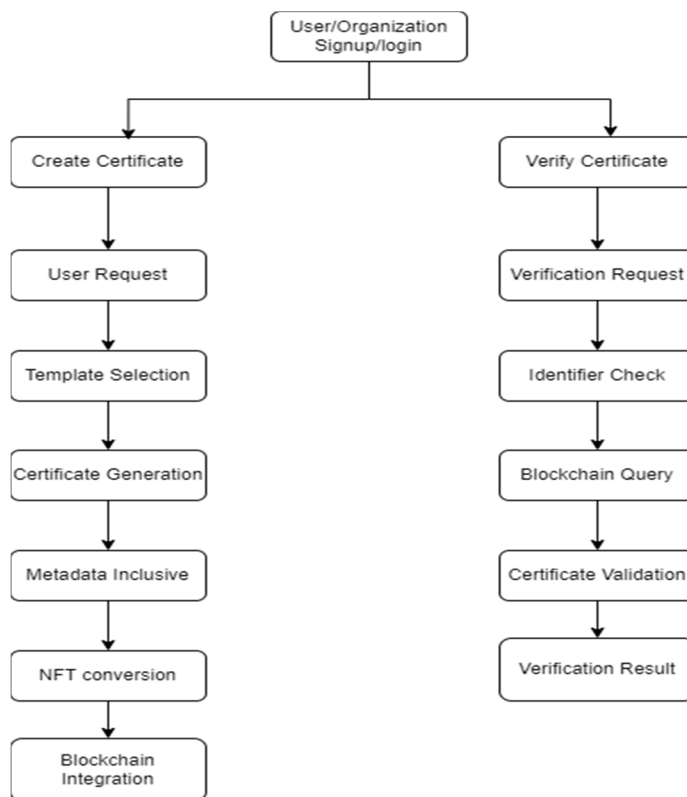
A. Certificate Creation in NFTCert

- 1) *User Request:* The process begins when an organization or entity requests the creation of digital certificates for individuals.
- 2) *Template Selection:* The NFTCert system allows users to select predefined certificate templates. These templates can be customized to include recipient names, certificate types, and other relevant information.
- 3) *Certificate Generation:* The selected template is used to generate digital certificates. Each certificate is assigned a unique identifier, making it distinct from others.
- 4) *Metadata Inclusion:* Along with the unique identifier, metadata is added to each certificate. This metadata contains information about the issuer, the recipient, the purpose of the certificate, and additional details.
- 5) *NFT Conversion:* Once created, certificates are converted into non-fungible tokens (NFTs) with their associated metadata. These NFTs are unique and secure representations of the certificates.
- 6) *Blockchain Integration:* The NFTs, along with their metadata, are integrated into the Polygon blockchain. The Polygon blockchain acts as a secure and efficient platform for NFTs, ensuring their immutability and traceability.

B. Certificate Verification in NFTCert

- 1) *Verification Request:* When a certificate needs to be verified, a user or third party enters the unique identifier associated with the certificate into the NFTCert system.
- 2) *Identifier Check:* The system checks the provided unique identifier against the Polygon blockchain records. If the identifier is valid and corresponds to a genuine NFT, the process continues.
- 3) *Blockchain Query:* The system queries the blockchain to retrieve the associated metadata. This metadata includes information about the certificate, such as the recipient's name, certificate type, and date of issuance.
- 4) *Certificate Validation:* The system validates the certificate information retrieved from the blockchain against the details provided during the verification request. If the information matches, the certificate is verified as genuine and unaltered.
- 5) *Verification Result:* The system provides a verification result to the user or third party, indicating whether the certificate is valid. If the certificate is verified as valid, it can be immediately accessed, typically for download or viewing.

System Flow Diagram



V. RESULT

Significant progress has been made in the implementation of the NFTCert project, with encouraging results in the areas of authentication and certificate administration. The use of blockchain technology has resulted in a more efficient method of creating and validating certificates. The system's self-generating certificates, which use pre-defined templates and are stored on the blockchain as non-fungible tokens (NFTs), ensure immutability and traceability.

During the initial testing phase of the certification process, improved effectiveness, security, and openness are demonstrated. Notably, the innovative strategy boosts workflow efficiency, reduces fraud, and fosters trust in all industries that rely on certificates. The latter sections of the research paper contain additional information, in-depth analysis, and statistical results. The NFT has arrived in the user's Metamask Wallet.

Outcome	Percentage (%)
Authentication	85%
Certificate Administration	90%
System's Self-Generating	95%
Improved Workflow Efficiency	80%
Lowered Fraud	92%
Enhanced Trust	88%
Initial Testing Phase	75%
Metamask Wallet Integration	96%

Result

VI. LIMITATIONS

NFTCert's innovative approach to certificate creation and verification through blockchain and NFTs offers enhanced security and transparency in credential management. However, potential limitations include challenges in widespread adoption, technical complexities, the risk of a digital divide, resistance from educational institutions, legal and regulatory hurdles, cost implications, environmental concerns related to certain blockchain networks, and the need for extensive user education. Successfully addressing these issues is crucial for the project's effectiveness in revolutionizing certificate verification processes while ensuring inclusivity, compliance, and overall stakeholder acceptance.

VII. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, our research project, "NFTCert: Streamlining Certificate Creation and verification with Blockchain and NFTs," seeks to modernize and secure the certificate management process across diverse industries. Through the autonomous generation of certificates using predefined templates and their storage as non-fungible tokens (NFTs) on the Polygon blockchain, our approach enhances security, traceability, and operational efficiency. This innovative methodology not only addresses the persistent challenges of fraud and inefficiency associated with traditional certificate management but also holds the potential to revolutionize the way certificates are issued, managed, and authenticated, offering a more secure and streamlined future for institutions and individuals alike.

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