



IJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 12 **Issue:** VIII **Month of publication:** August 2024

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2024.63910>

www.ijraset.com

Call:  08813907089

E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

PaaS Solutions for Scalable Social Media Engagement and Brand Loyalty Programs

Dhruv Kumar Seth¹, Deepak Jayabalan², Karan Kumar Ratra³

¹Solution Architect Walmart Global Tech Sunnyvale, USA

²Data Engineer Meta Platform Inc Sunnyvale, USA

³Senior Software Engineering Manager Walmart Global Tech Sunnyvale, USA

Abstract: *This research paper is a systematic analysis of how PaaS solutions can revolutionize the approach to increasing social network presence and improving brand reward programs. Based on the literature survey, comparison with current practices, and case study investigations, we study how, benefiting from PaaS, organizations deliver enhanced, efficient, and customer-centric experiences. This paper explores the attributes of PaaS that Microsoft especially targets for such applications the ability to perform real time analysis, omnichannel support and superior personalization. Based on the analysis of successful stories in different industries, we illustrate how, with the help of PaaS, Starbucks, Nike and Sephora were able to significantly enhance the specifics of customer interactions. It also focuses on the implementation issues that can be tackled. Some of the problems that may conflict with the research are data privacy, the complexity of integration, and sometimes, the use of the system by the targeted users. In addition, we analyze such innovative tendencies and tools as artificial intelligence, blockchain, augmented reality, and other future aspects concerning the development of PaaS-based loyalty and engagement solutions. The results reveal that PaaS provides definite top-line and bottom-line benefits for scalability, cost, and flexibility; it provides enterprises of all sizes with complex engagement solutions that were earlier only available to large enterprises. The study benefits both the academic and business worlds by offering theoretical and practical insights into the adoption of PaaS within businesses that desire to improve their app-based presence and connections with clients. The article ends with implementation suggestions and propositions for further research, focusing on the developments and trends related to cloud solutions concerning the future of customer engagement and their loyalty schemes..*

Keywords: *Platform as a Service (PaaS), Social Media Engagement, Brand Loyalty Programs, Cloud Computing, Customer Relationship Management, Digital Marketing Strategy*

I. INTRODUCTION

Platform as a Service (PaaS) represents one of the most dynamic capabilities in the fast-growing digital environment of present-day companies. PaaS is a type of cloud computing that provides a platform on which customers can build, deploy and use applications independently without the base hardware normally included while developing and launching an app [1]. This approach has brought a drastic change in the management of how organizations release and expand their digital solutions, with high flexibility and efficiency.

At the same time, social media interaction and brand support have become prominent tenets of companies' agendas in the digital age [2]. Especially as consumers are always connected and overwhelmed by the amount of product offered, success in capturing audiences' attention on social networks and building long-term loyalty is the key advantage. However, apart from being an effective means for direct communication with customers and for sharing information, social media is also greatly beneficial as the source of customers' behaviour and preference data [2]. Likewise, the focus on this kind of brand loyalty has been identified as an effective means of customer retention, impulse buying and word of mouth in a very competitive environment.

Closing the association between the PaaS solutions and social media and brand loyalty programs of any organization is an exciting research and business opportunity. This article will seek to explain how firms can use PaaS to design diverse, economical and effective solutions for boosting social media and loyalty programs, among others. We will explore the characteristic features of PaaS suitable for these applications, review successful case studies on PaaS, and explore in detail how to implement PaaS.

Besides, this article aims at filling the gap by offering a detailed guide on how to utilize the technical efficiencies derived from PaaS to support not only the strategic goals of social media involvement and customer retention but also the overall business advancement in the digital sphere on a cost-effective basis. The ideas offered here will provide insightful viewpoints on leveraging cloud technology to promote meaningful customer interactions and enduring brand affinity, regardless of the size of the business.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

The dynamics of the social media engagement approach have gone through diverse changes over the past few years due to innovations and shifts in customer relations. Former approaches were characterized by one-way communication, while recent approaches call for multi-way communication in the two-way process. Dwivedi et al. [3] research demonstrates the importance of two-way communication content, including user-generated content campaigns and interactive content like polls. Besides, Ahmad et al. [4] prove the effect of timely participation upon such virtual business experiences as brands' perception and customers' loyalty, which emphasizes the approaches' importance for being timely and responsive.

Known promoters have progressed from basic loyalty plan structures that reward buyers with points for brand name purchases to intricate and channeled solutions. The literature review by Bruneau et al. [5] follows this progression and points out the changes in preference for experiential and customized bonuses. The concept of behavioural loyalty borne out of transactional loyalty is not anymore prevalent, especially as Kandampully and Suhartanto [6] noted that being able to engage the customer emotionally is improving the chances of long-term brand loyalty. In the case of loyalty programs, Hwang and Choi [7] found that incorporating gamification factors into the loyalty programs has a positive impact on engagement and, hence, retention rates.

In the field of business applications, it has become indispensable for entrepreneurs, and one of the key instruments for digital transformation is Platform as a Service (PaaS). Venters and Whitley [8] have mentioned how organizations respond quickly to market forces due to the support of PaaS for application development and deployment. A literature review by Shahadat et al. [9] seeks to understand the cost controlling measures of PaaS, especially concerning SMEs, and how their adoption equalizes players in terms of technology. The challenges attributed to the scalability benefits are well explained by Alokai [10] and are much more applicable to firms that experience varying traffic, such as e-commerce and social media firms. Nevertheless, a research gap still exists on the integration of PaaS for social media involvement coupled with brand loyalty programs. Although some works, such as Lea [11], also address the notion of cloud computing's role in customer relationship management, definitive literature on optimizing PaaS for such uses is still limited. While Chen et al. [12] only hinted at it, the future possibilities of PaaS in improving real-time analytics and personalizing social media engagement need further investigation.

Furthermore, it is possible to highlight the further development of the PaaS concept in combination with modern innovative tools such as artificial intelligence and machine learning in the context of the analyzed loyalty programs. Ahmed et al. [13] pointed out some directions for further work in the application of deep learning models, such as predicting customers' behavior, but there have been few studies in this domain to the present.

Other areas uncovered include: A final area of literature gap relates to knowledge of the difficulties and strategies for adaptation of PaaS solutions in the context of social media and loyalty across industries and scales of operation. As for the implementation of cloud-based SM insights, in contrast to Makadok et al.'s [14] case, there is a lack of more general theoretical contributions and practical guidelines.

Further, another area that should attract the attention of researchers is the changing environment of legal requirements concerning the protection of personal information and its applicability to PaaS-based social media and loyalty solutions. Thus, the work of Tankard [15] on data protection in a cloud environment is general and requires more specific analysis when it comes to social media engagement and loyalty programs.

This paper seeks to fill these gaps by presenting a detailed evaluation of how PaaS can be utilized for social media integration as well as brand reward programs. Through the integration of current social media and loyalty campaign best practices with the knowledge already available on PaaS capabilities, this article provides new perspectives on possible synergies and useful implementation considerations in this quickly developing industry.

III. METHODOLOGIES

A. PaaS Solutions for Scalable Social Media Engagement and Brand Loyalty Programs

The Platform as a Service (PaaS) model of cloud computing involves the delivery of a computing platform that enables customers to develop, manage and run applications without actually being concerned with infrastructure details. PaaS solutions cover all requirements for building the required application, including hardware, software, and other components, including servers, storage, and networks [16]. Many of these solutions are bundled with application development tools such as the Integrated Development Environment (IDE), Version Control Systems, and Testing Tools. Also, they offer the necessary infrastructure to integrate between applications and the needed middleware for data exchange and execution environments that are needed to execute an application. As a form of fusion of hardware and software compounds, the PaaS model allows developers to concentrate on coding and, therefore, speeds up production actions.

1) Key Features and Benefits

PaaS solutions have many features and advantages that make them popular among businesses that are interested in increasing their performance on social networks and in developing brand-exciting programs. First, the availability of elasticity, Many applications, like social media campaigns, may have variations in traffic, and thus PaaS can scale up and scale down to match the application's needs, hence being cost-effective [17]. PaaS also comes with another set of tools and frameworks for application development, making it easier for developers to test, build and deploy applications. They are compatible with different programmable languages and development approaches and thus offer flexibility and a shorter development cycle. In addition, PaaS solutions have tremendous interoperability features with other cloud services, on-premise solutions and third-party applications that allow businesses to put together effective processes within an application and complement it [17]. Cost-effectiveness is also one more in that, without their own infrastructure, organizations do not have to buy or maintain equipment and software. In addition to the factor of flexibility, the fact that it covers only the usage means less business cost based on the pay as you go model. Another value within the PaaS solutions is security and compliance. Providers secure these solutions using highly developed security measures and are compliant with industry standards and regulations, which are significant for businesses that work with clients' sensitive data. Last but not least, the PaaS providers take care of the software updates, fixes and related infrastructure management, thus deploying the new platform releases and keeping the platform secure and up-to-date without the user's input [17].



Figure 1. Overview of Key Benefits of PaaS [26]

2) Utilization for Engagement and Loyalty

Several innovative applications of PaaS are available that can boost and improve social media activity and brand loyalty programs. As for the social media presence, PaaS allows for creating response applications that include features such as live chats, polls, and gaming to engage the users [18]. For instance, companies can develop live applications like polling to enhance followers' interaction during certain events. PaaS platforms also use data analysis features to collect real-time information on the users' and their interactions, allowing businesses to change strategy instantly with the goal of enhancing interaction. Moreover, social media is a concrete platform that PaaS enables for creating various automated response facilities, for example, chatbots through which customers can easily interact and receive quick responses for their questions and concerns, which in turn leads to better service. As for the development of brand loyalty programs, PaaS solutions include effective analytical tools that allow analyzing the customer's behavior and preferences. They can be used to target specific customers of the firm and provide them with customized loyalty programs, hence the incentives to reward their loyalty. PaaS platforms also help to bring big concepts of loyalty into omnichannel, which create a single customer interface for Web, mobile, store loyalty, and so on, making the customer bond more solid [19]. Moreover, PaaS can help in the creation of game-type strategizing loyalty programs that appeal to consumers by involving them in the game scenario by earning points, badges, and achieving certain ranks [20]. The above strategies create the necessary enthusiasm and commitment that the customers have towards the brand. PaaS is also scalable, and this ensures that a business can easily grow its loyalty programs for its customers and ensure that the system of rewarding its customers is well developed as the growth of the business takes shape. Thus, it can be concluded that PaaS solutions enable creating a strong basis for the improvement of social media interactions and launching effective brand loyalty programs in businesses. Thus, based on the strong suite of PaaS, businesses can create new applications that can enhance end-to-end user engagement, provide personalized experiences and foster long-term customer loyalty.

B. Enhancing Social Media Engagement with PaaS

Today, many companies understand that the management of social networks is one of the key components of contemporary brand communication. The modern use of social media is not about being there; it is about engaging, connecting and providing experiences that allow for continuous social interaction with audiences [21]. This concept is composed of communication in which not only the brands convey messages, but they are also embedded with listening, reciprocating, and adjusting as per the fence-sitters. It is the process of producing material to bring out the power of selected messages and have the ability to create a stir so as to inspire consumers to go out and represent the image of the branding firm.

Specifically, platform-as-a Service (PaaS) solutions have brought dramatic changes to the business world's approaches to using social media. Thus, by utilizing PaaS, it is possible to create and launch high-level engagement solutions, which were reachable only for the biggest companies possessing great IT infrastructures [22]. PaaS can be used to create real-time and visually appealing elements that serve to improve user engagement, mostly within social media platforms. For example, live chats, offered through PaaS solutions, serve as a convenient opportunity for brands to communicate with the audience and create a close-knit community that will appreciate the brand's timely response. These chat systems are sometimes able to be horizontally scalable so that during times of high traffic or viral increases, the system does not slow down.

Another feature that is realized through PaaS is interactive polls and surveys, which are quite effective in their capacity to both entertain the users and give the necessary insights into customer preferences [23]. These tools can be easily created and implemented on any existing social media platform, which would enable a brand to respond to current events efficiently. Another engagement strategy that can be supported by PaaS is the gamification of social media experiences, turning them into a fun competition of sorts [24]. Such methods may entail generating branded loyalty points systems, continuing missions or creating games where clients engage and share numerous content forms and complete multiple tasks Levi et al., While achieving multiple objectives of client engagement and content sharing, brands can gather tangible data on clients' activities and preferences.

Other related areas where PaaS has a strong impact in relation to social media's existence are real-time analytics [25]. As a result of collecting a large amount of information in real-time, PaaS-based analytical tools allow for determining how successfully content is being shared, how people interact with content, and what new trends appear. This allows the brands to analyze the effectiveness of any particular post, or post type, audience, station, page, and so on and so forth, in real time and, in effect, change tactics in real time. For example, if one certain post receives many views or likes, the brand can immediately increase the promotion of this specific post or produce other similar posts.

The features provided by the PaaS solutions influence the automation capacities of brands in terms of their interactions with customers on social media [26]. Pre-scheduled and scripted messages make it easy and efficient to reply to many dull questions, as they open up the option to utilize a lesser extent of human staff's time for more personal messages. These systems can be taught context as well as positive or negative attitudes, and this will help them post relevant comments in line with the set brand values. Besides, automation may go right up to the sharing of content; this way, brands are guaranteed to have a constant flow of content through various platforms without having to be so engaging so often [26, 38].

Starbucks is a prime example of how PaaS can be used to create value for customers through dedicated engagement. Starbucks, for instance, uses a cloud-based solution as the foundation of its mobile application as well as its loyalty program, both of which are key activities in its digital initiatives. By using this PaaS solution, Starbucks can personalize customers' experiences for millions of customers [27]. It predicts customers' responses to the promotions in terms of their purchase history, location, and time of the day. For example, a client who is a latte consumer in the morning gets a push notification with a promotion of a new breakfast meal when they are in the Starbucks applications. Such a level of individualization, enabled by the features of PaaS as a business landscape and the possibility to process masses of customer data, has led to the ultimate increase in customer engagement and devotion.

Moreover, Nike is a perfect example of PaaS, as it incorporates social activities as a part of fitness tracking. Nike+ available on a cloud base, is a fit and active platform where consumers engage in a healthy and fitness platform with the backing of other user's support [28]. This system allows people to follow their exercise sessions, establish targets for the same exercises, and share results. The social aspect promotes constant activity because users encourage each other and respond to the calls for a challenge. Nike utilizes information obtained through the use of this platform to draw conclusions about the behaviour of individuals and the kinds of products that may suit them. By addressing millions of users and processing large amounts of data in real-time, the scalability of the PaaS solution allows Nike to go through a global fitness challenge or its products' release seamlessly. As to the future of social media engagement, further growth in personalization and interaction due to the use of PaaS is expected.

In the future, they will be making use of artificial intelligence and machine learning for better and improved chatbots, easy prediction of contents, and full immersion [29]. Since it is an elastic platform, PaaS will prove particularly useful to help brands respond swiftly to new trends and features in the SMM sphere, making it vital to keeping brands at the forefront of digital customer engagement strategies.

C. Building Brand Loyalty Programs with PaaS

In a modern, intensified business environment, the question of brand identity and customer loyalty as prerequisites of a long-term outlook becomes vital. Apart from using its clients as its regular source of income, it is also able to benefit from word-of-mouth advertising by its clients. It is always more costly to get new customers than to retain the existing ones; therefore, the role of customer retention cannot be overemphasized. Secondly, customers are loyal, meaning you will wake up to more sales as compared to catering for a large number of anonymous buyers; and finally, there are more opportunities to sell high-quality products or services to loyal users at premium prices than selling to one-time users.

Solutions related to Platform as a Service (PaaS) have become effective platforms for creating and maintaining complex brand reward programs [22]. These cloud based platforms are vast and provide features that can help businesses design effective, fun and sustainable loyalty programs. Looking at the benefits of PaaS, one can conclude that many issues connected with loyalty programs can be easily eliminated with its help, including the issues of scalability, lack of personalization, and the inability to provide customers with an adequate omnichannel experience [30].

Another strength of using PaaS for implementing loyalty programs is the possibility of using data analytics to provide more personal offers. PaaS solutions can handle large volumes of customer data concerning their prior purchases, their visits to different touchpoints, and their other activities. Due to the abundance of this data, detailed segmentation coupled with socio-demographic and psychographic information means that rewards, offers and communication can be made unique to the customer. For instance, PaaS solution can be used by a retail company to analyze a particular customer and find out that this person likes to purchase eco-friendly products, and, thus, the company can attract this customer by offering more points for such products or launch a line of environmentally friendly products for this customer.

PaaS also offers another critical necessity for today's loyalty programs, the omnichannel support [31]. Consumers of the current generation have a different expectation based on brand-awareness: they get a similar experience whether they are using a brand's services online, in applications, or physically through a store. PaaS solutions allow for the creation of a single customer picture across all these touch points and feed relevant loyalty program and point balance details, as well as targeted offers, to the customer wherever they are interacting with the business. This kind of integration also benefits the customer by providing him/her with a smooth experience navigating through the channels while also serving as a rich source of cross-channel analysis that can be useful in enhancing marketing and product offerings.

Due to their simplicity and fun, game-based approaches are exceptionally valuable in enhancing participation in loyalty programs, and the PaaS enables comprehensive frameworks for such activities to be executed. Thus, using some features of a game, such as a challenge, a scoreboard, and achievements, the process of accumulation and use of rewards can be made more interesting [32]. Most often, PaaS solutions can handle game logic, monitor progress and adapt to the customers' activities or preferences in very near-real-time. For instance, a chain of coffee shops can develop a 'Coffee Explorer' competition that will be stored and supported by a PaaS-based system; for a specific time, the customers are given special badges and additional points for tasting different coffee-based beverages.

The fact that loyalty programs need to be able to grow with the company or reflect daily, weekly or monthly changes in business activity is a crucial factor. PaaS provides inherently scalable foundations; thus, loyalty programs can adapt to the growing number of users, transactions, and data processing demands without needing to invest in new/other hardware or software [33]. This scalability even applies to the reward systems that are part of human resource management strategies. The types of reward structures that can be implemented by an organization are many and varied, especially for more functionality and tiered, multiple levels that can be integrated with other business applications, which can be easily modified and upgraded within the PaaS. PaaS can be best illustrated using the Beauty Insider program that was launched by Sephora to become one of the most effective and successful loyalty programs [34]. As a fully digital customer loyalty program, to be implemented on the cloud, the Beauty Insider program is highly integrated with Sephora's web site, App, and physical stores. Customers benefit from precise recommendations of products to purchase, reward programs, and beauty tips based on the program's advanced data analysis. There's a nice concept of tiered rewards (Insider, VIB, Rouge), which motivates the customers to spend more to get to the higher status with improved benefits [35].

The PaaS infrastructure enables Sephora to have millions of members, manage transaction and interaction data with millions, and update the program periodically with innovative options such as game-like challenges and member-only events. And it is important to underline, that Omnichannel experiences, personalization, and gamification, which are provided by PaaS, create the technological basis for loyalty programs, which are more effective at stimulating customers' loyalty and increasing their customer lifetime value.

IV. DISCUSSION

Based on this PaaS examination, the solutions for social media engagements and brand loyalty engagements are consistent with and expand on prior research focusing on digital marketing tactics and customer relationship management. The perceived advantage of PaaS regarding flexibility, customization, and Big Data analysis supports Mishra et al.'s [36] research on today's adaptable, analytics-powered marketing strategies. In addition, trends identified in the case studies of the work about the favorable effectiveness of game components within the framework of loyalty programs are tied in with the conclusions of Hwang and Choi [7] on the beneficial motivation-provoking effect of gamification.

In this context, it is worth stating that these findings are vitally important to businesses and marketers. The use of PaaS solutions for social media management and loyalty programs is an opportunity to make a transition toward a more innovative, adaptive, and customer-oriented approach in the area of customer interactions. This falls under the theme of the intensification of personalisation at the consumer level, as highlighted by Kannan and Li [37] in their research on digital marketing. The use and applicability of these solutions are another advantage since they can be easily deployed and adjusted with regard to growing or disappearing market trends.

Thus, theoretically, this research enriches our understanding of the integration of cloud computing and customer relationship management. Building on Venters and Whitley [8] on cloud computing for business, the present paper narrows its focus down to the social and loyalty applications of Cloud computing. Furthermore, it contributes to the current literature on omnichannel marketing and shows how the PaaS framework can help enhance the organization's delivery of multiple points of contact.

In a way that is useful for business leaders and decision-makers, this research provides useful guidelines for companies that plan on enhancing their social media presence and reward programs. The accrued examples offer analysis, which enhances understanding when implementing the theory. Further, the key issues and the measures taken focus on the problems that may be encountered in the implementation of new technologies, and ways to eliminate them are provided.

A. Implementation of PaaS for social media and loyalty programs

When implementing PaaS system, it is crucial to look at various factors:

1. Evaluation of the needs and systems in place
2. Choosing the right PaaS provider (Amazon Web Services (AWS Elastic Beanstalk), Heroku, Microsoft Azure, Salesforce Lightning, Google App Engine, Red Hat OpenShift, Adobe Commerce (Magento), and SAP Cloud.)
3. Architecture for the engagement or loyalty program design
4. Creation and incorporation of essential applications
5. Evaluation and enhancement
6. Training for employees and change management
7. Gradual implementation and ongoing observation

However, several challenges ought to be met by businesses in this implementation process. Issues associated with data privacy, especially with new legislation such as GDPR and CCPA, should also be considered. Possible remedies the service providers can adopt are strengthening encryption of data, obtaining explicit consent from the users, and adhering to the existing laws. Integration issues can be managed by proper planning, considering PaaS API support, and possibly involving dedicated integration providers. The final one is cost control since the PaaS concept implies a pay-as-you-go model, which may increase expenses considerably in cases of improper supervision. Managing costs means utilizing cost control mechanisms and defining the costs for each carried out activity. Employers and customers, as major end-users of any interactive application, may be persuaded to adopt such applications through an ergonomic interface design with a clear message on what unique benefits any application will bring into users' lives and possibly involving the applications Developing, testing and rolling out incentives to drive first-adopter status.

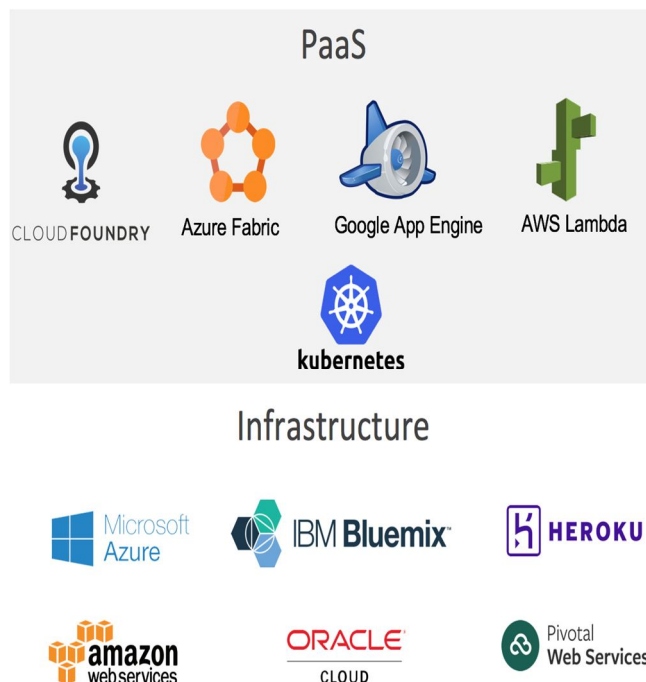


Figure 2. Various PaaS Providers

V. CONCLUSION

The use of PaaS for social media interaction and brand loyalty programs is a step up for those businesses that want to interact as well as capture their consumers. Based on our analysis, it can be concluded that PaaS is highly scalable, has rich personalization features, and has the ability to perform real-time analysis of customer data, which makes the delivery of personalised customer experiences easier. Conclusions stress PaaS as a platform that contributes to advanced data analysis for customization, handling of the multichannel environment, and gamification approaches. Examples drawn from different industries explain how PaaS works in practice with enhanced customer satisfaction and better program delivery, as seen in the cases of Sephora and Nike+.

In the future, it is possible to mention that, with advancements in technology, new prospects are awaiting to phase up the efficiency of PaaS solutions. Another area is the use of Artificial Intelligence and machine learning, where it's assumed that personalization along with predictive analytics would go up a notch further. The field of loyalty point systems can be affected by blockchain by increasing its reliability and introducing new value-propagation techniques. Loyalty programs may also be realised through introducing artificial reality (AR), where the tangible real world may be combined with a digital experience.

It is important for companies that are interested in PaaS to ensure that they adopt it with a particular plan in mind, which should include:

- 1) Evaluate current and potential systems in the facility
- 2) Select an appropriate PaaS provider that resonates with the organization's long-term business objectives
- 3) When adopting a new system or a particular solution, security and compliance with relevant standards need to be the highest priorities.
- 4) Train employees to get the most out of PaaS tools
- 5) Piloting in a systematic manner and conducting a review of the program will enable its fine-tuning.

The customers' demands are changing all the time, and with the help of PaaS solutions, businesses can maintain the necessary flexibility and potency to meet them and develop even better interactions with the audience.

REFERENCES

- [1] IBM, "IaaS vs. PaaS vs. SaaS," IBM, 2023. <https://www.ibm.com/topics/iaas-paas-saas>
- [2] G. Appel, L. Grewal, R. Hadi, and A. T. Stephen, "The Future of Social Media in Marketing," *Journal of the Academy of Marketing Science*, vol. 48, no. 1, pp. 79–95, 2020, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11747-019-00695-1>.

- [3] Y. K. Dwivedi, E. Ismagilova, D. L. Hughes, and J. Carlson, "Setting the Future of Digital and Social Media Marketing research: Perspectives and Research Propositions," *International Journal of Information Management*, vol. 59, no. 1, pp. 1–37, 2021, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijinfomgt.2020.102168>.
- [4] F. Ahmad et al., "Online Customer Experience Leads to Loyalty via Customer Engagement: Moderating Role of Value Co-creation," *Frontiers in Psychology*, vol. 13, 2022, doi: <https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2022.897851>.
- [5] V. Bruneau, V. Swaen, and P. Zidda, "Are loyalty program members really engaged? Measuring customer engagement with loyalty programs," *Journal of Business Research*, vol. 91, pp. 144–158, Oct. 2018, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2018.06.002>.
- [6] J. Kandampully and D. Suhartanto, "Customer loyalty in the hotel industry: the role of customer satisfaction and image," *International Journal of Contemporary Hospitality Management*, vol. 12, no. 6, pp. 346–351, Nov. 2020, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1108/09596110010342559>.
- [7] J. Hwang and L. Choi, "Having fun while receiving rewards?: Exploration of gamification in loyalty programs for consumer loyalty," *Journal of Business Research*, vol. 106, pp. 365–376, Jan. 2019.
- [8] W. Venters and E. A. Whitley, "A Critical Review of Cloud Computing: Researching Desires and Realities," *Journal of Information Technology*, vol. 27, no. 3, pp. 179–197, Sep. 2012, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1057/jit.2012.17>.
- [9] M. M. H. Shahadat, Md. Nekmahmud, P. Ebrahimi, and M. Fekete-Farkas, "Digital Technology Adoption in SMEs: What Technological, Environmental and Organizational Factors Influence SMEs' ICT Adoption in Emerging Countries?," *Global Business Review*, p. 097215092211371, Jan. 2023, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1177/09721509221137199>.
- [10] Alokai, "Performance vs Scalability in eCommerce: Which to prioritize and how to achieve both?," *alokai.com*, Mar. 24, 2024. <https://alokai.com/blog/performance-vs-scalability> (accessed Jul. 27, 2024).
- [11] M. Lea, "Cloud-Based Customer Relationship Management: Enhancing Business Relationships," *Osf.io*, 2019. <https://osf.io/jr3qk/download>
- [12] W. Chen, Zoran Milošević, F. A. Rabhi, and A. Berry, "Real-Time Analytics: Concepts, Architectures, and ML/AI Considerations," *IEEE Access*, vol. 11, pp. 71634–71657, Jan. 2023, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1109/access.2023.3295694>.
- [13] S. F. Ahmed et al., "Deep learning modelling techniques: current progress, applications, advantages, and challenges," *Artificial Intelligence Review*, vol. 56, Apr. 2023, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10462-023-10466-8>.
- [14] R. Makadok, R. Burton, and J. Barney, "A practical guide for making theory contributions in strategic management," *Strategic Management Journal*, vol. 39, no. 6, pp. 1530–1545, May 2018.
- [15] C. Tankard, "What the GDPR means for businesses," *Network Security*, vol. 2016, no. 6, pp. 5–8, Jun. 2016, doi: [https://doi.org/10.1016/s1353-4858\(16\)30056-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/s1353-4858(16)30056-3).
- [16] W. Chai and K. Brush, "What is PaaS? Platform as a Service Definition and Guide," *Cloud Computing*, 2023. <https://www.techtarget.com/searchcloudcomputing/definition/Platform-as-a-Service-PaaS#:~:text=Public%20PaaS%20enables%20the%20user> (accessed Jul. 27, 2024).
- [17] Oracle, "Benefits of PaaS," *Oracle.com*, 2021. <https://www.oracle.com/ke/cloud/what-is-paas/benefits-of-paas/> (accessed Jul. 27, 2024).
- [18] V. K. Kanuri, Y. Chen, and S. (Hari) Sridhar, "Scheduling Content on Social Media: Theory, Evidence and Application," *Journal of Marketing*, vol. 82, no. 6, Jul. 2018, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1509/jm.17.0317>.
- [19] K. Shah, "Omnichannel Loyalty Programs: A Comprehensive Guide for Businesses," *Bloomreach*, Jul. 01, 2024. <https://www.bloomreach.com/en/blog/omnichannel-loyalty-programs-a-comprehensive-guide-for-businesses> (accessed Jul. 27, 2024).
- [20] Mastercard Data & Services, "The impact of gamification on loyalty strategies," *Mastercard Data & Services*, Aug. 16, 2023. <https://www.mastercardservices.com/en/advisors/consumer-engagement-loyalty-consulting/insights/impact-gamification-loyalty-strategies>
- [21] H. Shahbaznezhad, R. Dolan, and M. Rashidirad, "The Role of Social Media Content Format and Platform in Users' Engagement Behavior," *Journal of Interactive Marketing*, vol. 53, no. 1, pp. 47–65, 2022.
- [22] Salesforce, "PaaS," *Salesforce.com*, 2019. <https://www.salesforce.com/eu/learning-centre/tech/paas/>
- [23] N. Adika, "9 Types of Poll Question Ideas to Ask Your Online Audience," *GeoPoll*, Aug. 29, 2023. <https://www.geopoll.com/blog/9-types-of-poll-question-ideas-to-ask-your-online-audience/>
- [24] D. Tasyürek, "Best Gamification Practices to Boost User Engagement - Storyly," *www.storyly.io*, Jun. 04, 2024. <https://www.storyly.io/post/best-gamification-practices-to-boost-user-engagement>
- [25] M. Kapoor, "PaaS it on: Why PaaS is the New Normal for Businesses?," *www.linkedin.com*, 2024. <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/paas-why-new-normal-businesses-manav-kapoor> (accessed Jul. 27, 2024).
- [26] G. Magerramova, "Platform as a Service (PaaS): Comprehensive Overview | LITSLINK blog," *Litslink*, Dec. 20, 2023. <https://litslink.com/blog/platform-as-a-service-paas-overview>
- [27] J. Sokolowsky, "Starbucks Turns to Technology to Brew up a More Personal Connection with Its Customers," *Microsoft*, May 06, 2019. <https://news.microsoft.com/source/features/digital-transformation/starbucks-turns-to-technology-to-brew-up-a-more-personal-connection-with-its-customers/>
- [28] C.-W. Lin, T.-Y. Mao, Y.-C. Huang, W. Y. Sia, and C.-C. Yang, "Exploring the Adoption of Nike+ Run Club App: An Application of the Theory of Reasoned Action," *Mathematical Problems in Engineering*, vol. 2020, pp. 1–7, Jun. 2020, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1155/2020/8568629>.
- [29] R. V. Vliet, "AI Skills of the Future: Understand AI and Make it Work for You," *www.lepaya.com*, 2023. <https://www.lepaya.com/blog/ai-skills-of-the-future>
- [30] CompTIA, "What Is PaaS - Advantages and Disadvantages | Cloud Computing | CompTIA," *Default*, 2023. <https://www.comptia.org/content/articles/what-is-paas>
- [31] V. Tejeda, "Omnichannel Loyalty 101: Definition, Benefits, Trends, and Examples," *Shopify*, Sep. 2022. <https://www.shopify.com/retail/omnichannel-loyalty> (accessed May 03, 2023).
- [32] I. Grochowska, "10 best gamification loyalty programs," *www.openloyalty.io*. <https://www.openloyalty.io/insider/10-best-gamification-loyalty-programs>
- [33] "How PaaS Can Scale Your Business Growth," *www.trydome.io*, 2024. <https://www.trydome.io/blog/how-paas-can-scale-your-business-growth> (accessed Jul. 27, 2024).
- [34] M. Woolnough-Rai, "Scale Success story: Sephora's Beauty Insider," *LoyaltyLion*, Dec. 21, 2023. <https://loyaltylion.com/blog/scale-success-story-sephoras-beauty-insider>



- [35] Incentivesmart, “Tiered Loyalty Programmes Explained (with Examples),” Incentivesmart.com, Apr. 30, 2024. <https://www.incentivesmart.com/blog/tiered-loyalty-programs>
- [36] H. Mishra, Siddharth Swarup Rautaray, and M. Pandey, “Review on Big Data Analytics and its Impact on Marketing Strategy,” Oct. 2023, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1109/i-smac58438.2023.10290469>.
- [37] P. K. Kannan and H. A. Li, “Digital marketing: a framework, review and research agenda,” International Journal of Research in Marketing, vol. 34, no. 1, pp. 22–45, Mar. 2017, doi: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijresmar.2016.11.006>.
- [38] N. . Charankar, “FAULT TOLERANCE TECHNIQUES IN API AND MICRO SERVICES ”, IJRITCC, vol. 10, no. 12, pp. 275–285, Dec. 2022.



10.22214/IJRASET



45.98



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.129



IMPACT FACTOR:
7.429



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089  (24*7 Support on Whatsapp)