iJRASET
International Journal For Research in Applied Science and Engineering Technology

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 9 **Issue:** XI **Month of publication:** November 2021

DOI: https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2021.39153

www.ijraset.com

Call: 08813907089 | E-mail ID: ijraset@gmail.com

International Journal for Research in Applied Science & Engineering Technology (IJRASET)
ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.429
Volume 9 Issue XI Nov 2021- Available at www.ijraset.com

Pneumocare: A Website for Detecting Pneumonia

Aleena Syed[1], Esha Joshi[2], Gokul Patel[3]
[1, 2, 3]*Computer Science and Engineering, Acropolis Institute of Technology and Research*

Abstract: ***Pneumonia is a form of a respiration contamination that impacts the lungs. In those acute breathing sicknesses, human lungs which can be made from small sacs referred to as alveoli which can be in air in everyday and wholesome people however in pneumonia those alveoli get filled with fluid or "pus" one of the fundamental step of phenomena detection and treatment is getting the chest X-ray of the (CXR). So Chest X-ray is a first-rate tool in treating pneumonia, similarly to many alternatives taken with the aid of the usage of doctor are dependent on the chest X-ray. Our venture is ready detection of Pneumonia by means of chest X-ray using Convolutional Neural network. on this undertaking, we are able to look at the abilties of 2nd medical imaging to investigate records from the NIH Chest X-ray Dataset and educate a CNN to classify a given chest x-ray for the presence or absence of pneumonia.***
Keywords: alveoli, CNN, NIH

I. INTRODUCTION

Our main purpose behind building building this project was the inconvenience faced by the patients and also in the most difficult times that is during covid times it turned into located that there was so much chaos, and if you specifically have a problem in lungs like pneumonia then it was very difficult to even get an appointment from a doctor. Pneumonia is a lung irritation as a result of a viral or bacterial contamination that could variety from mild to severe cases.
In this project “Pneumocare”, we will apply the skills of 2D medical imaging to analyze data from the NIH Chest X Ray dataset and train a CNN to classify a given chest x-ray for the presence or absence of pneumonia. This undertaking will culminate a model that may are expecting the presence of pneumonia with human radiologist- degree accuracy that may be organized for submission to the FDA for 510(k) clearance as software program as a clinical tool.

II. PROBLEM FORMULATION

We proposed the direct solution through an online website which will clearly are expecting the presence or absence of pneumonia in human lungs through a chest X-ray file, so that just by chest X-ray the results is determined is pneumonia is present or not will be cleared with undoubtedly the human-radiologist level accuracy. The accuracy will be evident enough to trust the results which our website will show. The main reason behind thinking of building this website was the delay in getting appointments from a doctor during the unprecedented times, if even a person had pneumonia, he/she would think of detected with Covid which was a wrong assumption. Due to which people did not get proper medication for a disease. So our project completely solves this problem and thus we built a website which could give was the proper results with good accuracy.

A. Solution Proposed

In our project, we may also select or need to do some quantity of preprocessing prior to feeding images into our network For training and validating.this could serve the motive of conforming to our model's structure and/or for the reason of conforming to our model's architecture and/or for the
purposes of augmenting our training dataset for growing our version overall performance.

B. Solution Proposed

In our project, we may choose or need to do some amount of preprocessing prior to feeding images into our network For training and validating. This may serve the purpose of conforming to our model's architecture and/or for the Purpose of augmenting our training dataset for increasing our model performance. This is a process flow diagram which depicts the process which a dataset will undergo. The final result will show whether the pneumonia is detected not as seen in the below diagram.

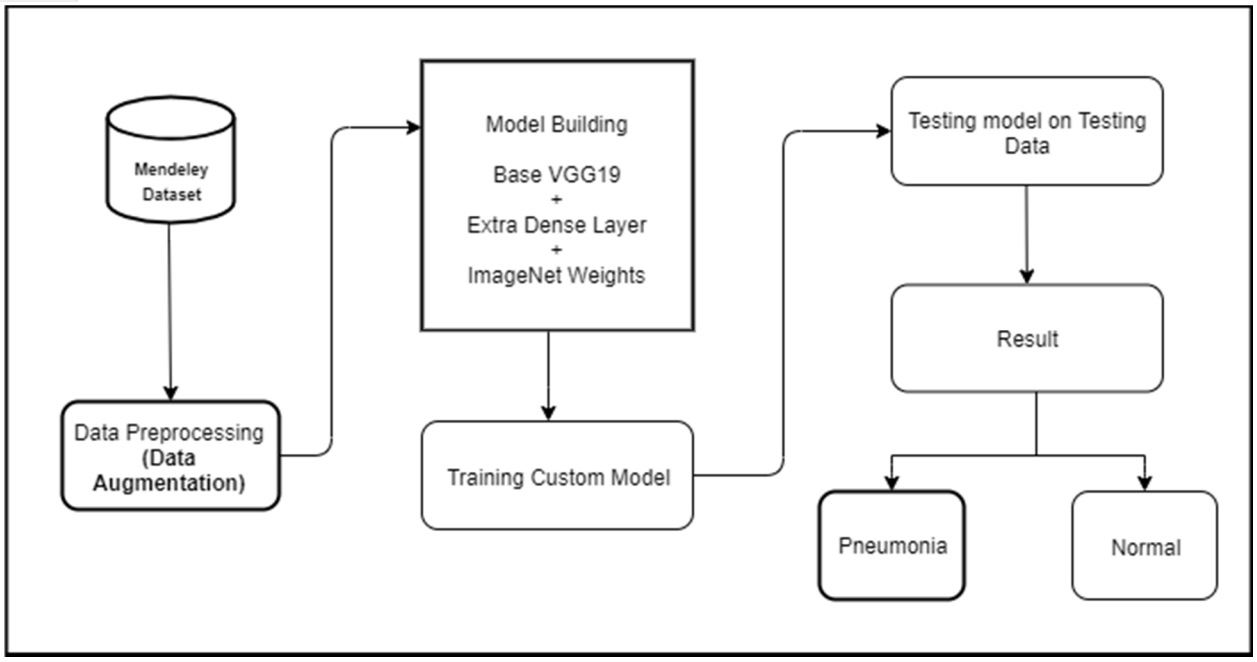


Figure 1 Process Flow Diagram

C. Survey of Existing System

Title	Characteristics	Advantage	Disadvantage
LabTestOnline	Provide the lab test online in the convenient way. Reducing the queue length. Thus helping to save the time.	Provide the convenient way to get the lab reports at the email or WhatsApp.	Doesn't provide a platform to analyze the X-Ray and get the report.
CheXNet: RadiologistLevel Pneumonia Detection on ChestXRayswith Deep gaining knowledge	Deep learning &Framework classification algorithm used is the Neural network.	automated detection of sicknesses from chest X-rays at the level of expert radiologists	No evaluation is made among the accuracies of numerous set of rules
An efficient Deep gaining knowledge of method to Pneumonia classification in Healthcare	Deep gaining knowledge of Framework is used and the most effective category set of rules used is the Neural network	Convolutional neural network model is produced from scratch to extract functions from given chest X-ray picture and classify it to determine if a person is infected pneumonia	No comparison is made between the accuracies of several algorithm.
Deep learning method For Prediction Of Pneumonia	Classification algorithms used are Neural Network and Support Vector Machine	Predicts Pneumonia in minimal time, high efficiency with 70% to 80% accuracy.	Processing building the model requires fast and efficient processors which is cost consuming

Figure 2 Table of existing app

ISSN: 2321-9653; IC Value: 45.98; SJ Impact Factor: 7.429
Volume 9 Issue XI Nov 2021- Available at www.ijraset.com

III. LITERATURE REVIEW

Since it has been determined in Wuhan city, the COVID-19 is rapidly spread globally, which caused the pandemic. On 30th January 2020, the world health organisation (WHO) declared it as an emergency state of health to the public that disturbs the world (Dewi, 2020). COVID-19 is one of the most dangerous viruses because it attacks the respiratory system, with signs and symptoms of fever, coughing, and colds. The average incubation period for this virus is five to six days, with the most extended incubation period reaching 14 days (Dewi, 2020). The existence of COVID-19 has a significant impact on the world community. The effect of the virus can be felt in many fields, such as social, economic and tourism. Specially in the medical field, the presence of different diseases is just diluted due to existence of Covid 19. If specifically we talk about the lungs related diseases, one of that is pneumonia, that's considered one of the very severe disorder which was simply ignored in the threat of Covid 19. As everything is already going online be it in a field of education or banking or any other sector. There is equal need of having an online platform which could be helpful in knowing the presence of any sickness mainly pneumonia. It will provide a great ease to patients as it will give the results upto radiologist level accuracy. So the need of an online website which could tell the results of presence or absence of pneumonia has become quiet vital. It will surely provide so much ease to patients.

.

IV. METHODOLOGY

Constructing and training our model.

Training and validating Datasets. From our findings inside the EDA factor of this undertaking, we will curate the proper education and validation units for classifying pneumonia Taking following into attention

1) Distribution of illnesses other than pneumonia that are found in both datasets.
2) Demographic records, picture view positions, and quantity of photos in line with affected person in every set
3) Distribution of pneumonia-positive and pneumonia-bad cases in each dataset

This way so easily you could predict the presence or absence of Pneumonia with exceptional accuracy.

V. RESULT DISCUSSIONS

The results or outcomes are as follows:

1) This undertaking will culminate in a model that can expect the presence of pneumonia with human radiologist-level accuracy that can be prepared for submission to the FDA for 510(okay) clearanceas software program as a clinical tool
2) It will be so much easy for patients as they do not have to rush to hospitals in covid times when there is so much chances of infection of corona virus. they may get the presence or absence of pneumonia through the chest X-ray reports.

VI. CONCLUSION

This is to conclude that the project that we undertook was worked upon with a sincere effort. This project would definitely satisfy all the requirements . The key features of the website includes: the presence of pneumonia with human radiologist-level accuracy that may be prepared for submission to the FDA for 510(k) clearance as software program as a medical device..Detection of diseases with the assistance of computers from various Machine and Deep learning techniques are very beneficial in such places where there is shortage of people who are skilled in techniques like radiology. Especially in south Asian countries and African countries where of 60% - 70% people live in rural places. Such tool are very low cost and instrument requirement is low hence it very easy to deploy in rural areas. And, additionally these tools will be very helpful in automatically differentiating between who need urgent medical care and who can be made to wait. Out project successfully provides with a CNN based approach for detection of pneumonia robotically.

VII. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

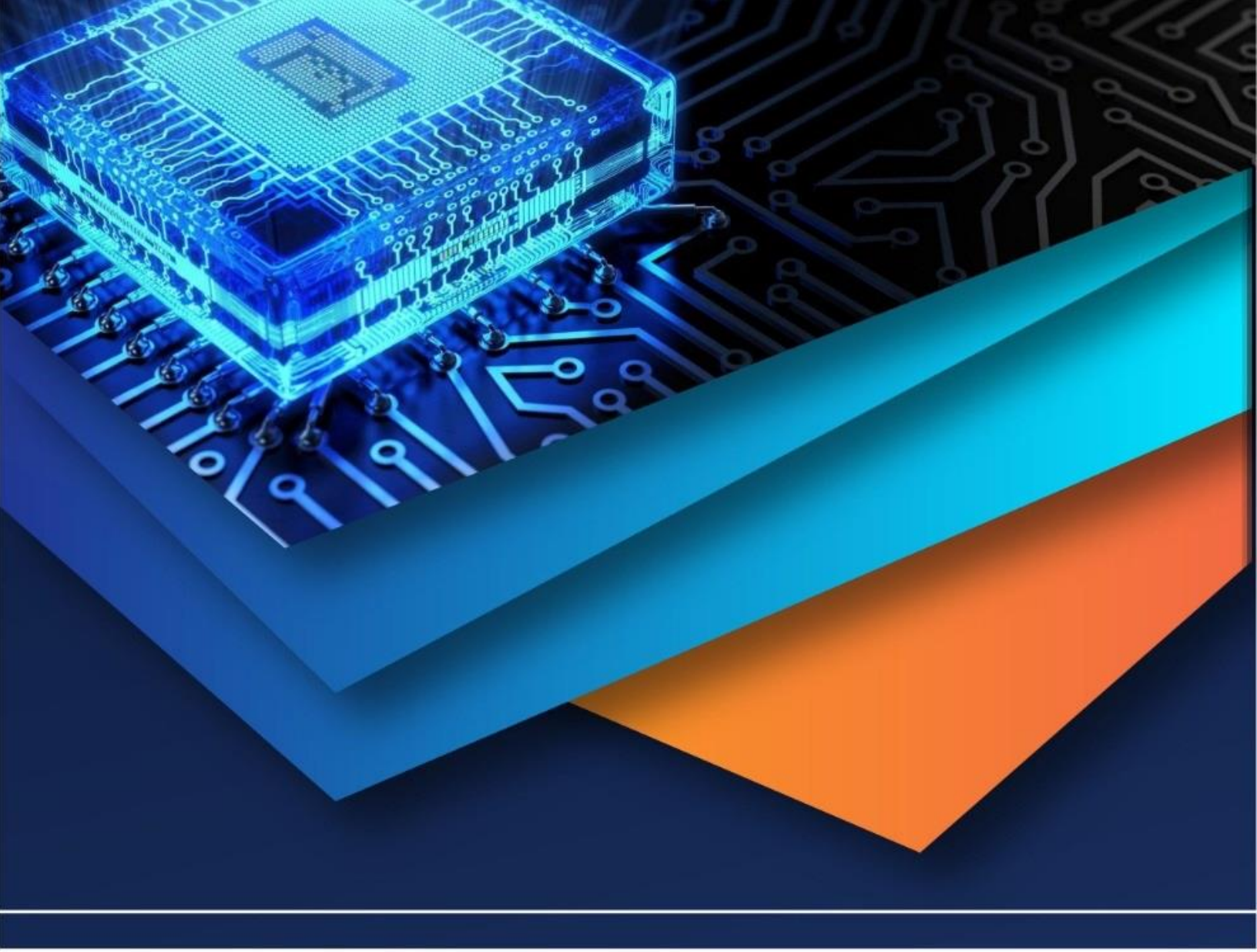
I havetaken efforts in this project. However, it would not have been possible without the kind support and help of many individuals and organizations. I would like to extend my sincere thanks to all of them. I am highly indebted to Prof. Shefali Shrivastava& Project coordinators for their guidance and constant supervision as well as for providing necessary information regarding the project & also for their support in completing the project. I am very much thankful to other faculty and staff members of CSE Dept., AITR Indore for providing me all support, help and advice during the project. We would be failing in our duty if do not acknowledge the support and guidance received from Dr S.C Sharma, Director, AITR, Indore whenever needed. I would like to express my gratitude towards my parents & my group member Aleena Syed, Gokul Patel for their kind co-operation and encouragement which help me in completion of this project. I would like to express my special gratitude and thanks to industry persons for giving me such attention and time.

REFERENCES

[1] Chan H.P, Sahiner B, Hadjiyski L, Zhou C and Petrick N 2005 Lung nodule detection and classification U.S. patent application no. 10/504, 197
[2] Pingale T.H and Patil H.T 2017 Analysis of Cough Sound for Pneumonia Detection Using Wavelet Transform and Statistical Parameters International conference on computing, communication, control and automation (ICCUBEA) (Pune: IEEE) pp 1-6
[3] Goyal M, Goyal R and Lall B 2019 Learning Activation Functions: A new paradigm for understanding Neural Networks Preprint arXiv: 1906.09529

AUTHORS

First Author – Esha Joshi, Acropolis Institute of Technology and Research, Indore
Second Author – Aleena Syed,Acropolis Institute of Technology and Research, Indore
Third Author –Gokul Patel, Acropolis Institute of Technology and Research, Indore



10.22214/IJRASET

45.98

IMPACT FACTOR: 7.129

IMPACT FACTOR: 7.429

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY