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Stock Price Prediction using ML algorithms

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Abstract: *Stock Price Prediction using ML(Machine Learning) helps to determine the unborn value of stocks of any fiscal means traded on an exchange. The entire generality of prognosticating stock prices is to gain significant gains by minimizing losses vaticinating the stock request price is always challenging for numerous business judges and experimenters. vaticination of the stock request plays a vital part in the stock business. The compass gradationally expanded. The time series model cannot contribute to the non-linear part of the stock data and is therefore hamstrung for the long term, and LSTM neural network makes better use of non-sequential data and has better use of sequence data. Useful information in the long term which makes the root mean square error of the vaticination result, the LSTM neural network needs lower than the time series model, showing LSTM is a better stock price soothsaying system. Machine Learning approach to predict or sense the behavior tracking of the stock market Sensex.Random Forest is the Machine Learning model implemented effectively in predicting the stock prices and defining the activity between the exchanges the securities between the buyers and sellers.*

Keywords: *LSTM – Long Short-Term Memory, ANN – Artificial Neural Network, RNN– Recurrent Neural network, TSLM– Time Series Linear Model, SVM – Support Vector Machine, ML – Machine Learning, CNN – Convolutional Neural Network, NN – Neural Network, SVM-Support Vector Machine*

I. INTRODUCTION

The stock request appears in the news every day. We hear about it every day it reaches a new high or a newlow. And so, the companies are facing multiple losses because of not- so-effective styles or ways. With the ultramodern advancements in artificial intelligence, there has been the creation of new fine tools like deepliteracy and underpinning literacy. Numerous businesses use data wisdom and analytics to gain optimizedresults for colorful business issues. Stock trading is one of the most important conditionings in the financeworld. Stock is a security that represents the power of a bit of the issuing pot. It entitles you to be a part of thatcompany's earnings and means. Stock request vaticination can be defined as trying to determine the unbornvalue of a stock or other fiscal instrument that's traded on a fiscal exchange. In this design we are using LongShort-Term Memory(LSTM) is one of the numerous types of intermittent Neural Network RNN, it's also able of catching data from once stage and use it for unborn prognostications[1]. As suggested by[2] The LongShort Term Memory(LSTM) networks are a type of intermittent neural network(RNN) able of addressingdirect problems an effective model for the successful vaticination of a stock's unborn price can lead to heftygains. An average stock exchange creates nearly trillions of Gigabytes of trade and order book data in a month.The rising fashion ability of machine literacy in colorful diligence has enlightened numerous dealers to apply machine literacy ways to the field, and some of them have produced relatively promising result.

Machine literacy provides a unique perspective to us on understanding the stock request and fiscal data. Investors can easily determine whether it's worth investing in a particular stock. Algorithmic Trading not only just makes a purchase or vend decision but also recommends the product efficiently. Stock prices no way vary in insulation the movement of one tends to have an avalanche effect on several other stocks as well[3]. The major thing is to minimize the query of the returns by directly prognosticating unborn stock prices and also relating their oscillations in advance to reduce pitfalls. Multiple trees are combined in the random forest to predict the class of the dataset. Some decision trees may correctly predict the output, while others may not. However, when taken as a whole, each tree predicts the correct outcome. The fundamental idea of demand-and-supply economic policy serves as the foundation for this. For instance, theprice of a particular company's share always falls when there is less demand for that company's stock[4,5].

II. RELATED WORK

Stock Price Prediction using ML(Machine Learning) helps to determine the unborn value of stocks of any fiscal means traded on an exchange. The entire generality of prognosticating stock prices is to gain significant gains by minimizing losses. vaticinating the stock request price is always challenging for numerous business judges and experimenters. Jordan Prosky et al.[6] suggested that, the CNN methodologies and its operation in prognosticating stock prices, a system to apply sentiment analysis on stock vaticination.

It's veritably delicate to prognosticate the stock request with full delicacy as external realities similar to social, cerebral, political and profitable have a considerable influence on it. As mentioned by. Shao and. Ma[7] it's a more general interpretation of the reopened intermittent system. LSTM is more benign than other deep literacy styles The main specific of the data associated with the stock request is generally time-variant and nonlinear. Manoj S Hegde et al.[8] delved The Long Short Term Memory networks are a type of intermittent neural network(RNN) able of working in volute direct problems, and there's a discussion about the operation of RNN(intermittent Neural Networks) to prognosticate the share prices. As Kim and H.Y. Kim et al.[9] linked that anothersignificant issue with introductory ANNs for stock cast vaticination of the stock request plays a vital part in thestock business. Investors gain sufficient information and knowledge about the investment and can help those suffering from the topmost loss. To make the prognostications we're using Microsoft data available on the Kaggle website. The stock price data will be supplied as a Comma Separated train that may be opened and anatomized in Excel or a Spreadsheet. The Opening Value of the stock, the Highest and smallest values of that stock on the same day, as well as the losing Value at the end of the day, are all indicated for each date. Tao Xing and Yuan Sun et al.[10] suggested a model which considers the literal equity share price of a company price and applies RNN(intermittent) fashion called Long Short Term Memory(LSTM). Time series analysis is a technical branch of statistics used considerably Stock Price Prediction using ML(Machine Learning) helps to determine the future value of stocks of any financial means traded on an exchange. The entire generality of predicting stock prices is to gain significant earnings by minimizing losses. Xi Zhang1 et al.[11] suggested that stock requests play critical place in ultramodern society's profitable operations. It's truly delicate to predict the stock request with full delicacy as external realities analogous to social, cerebral, political and profitability have a considerable influence on it. M. Roondiwala[12] proposed that Long Short Term Memory is the most popular RNN armature. We are using Microsoft Corporation(MSFT) data for examination. The stock price data will be supplied as a Comma Separated train that may be opened and analyzed in Excel or a Spreadsheet. The Opening Value of the stock, the Highest and lowest values of that stock on the same day, as well as the losing Value at the end of the day, are all indicated for each date. Time Series auguring & modelling play an important part in data analysis. Time series analysis is a specialized branch of statistics used vastly in fields analogous to Econometrics & Operation Research. The deep learning method, developed by Christian Slamka, Bernd Skiera, and Martin Spann[13] uses word embedding, documentlabelling, data preprocessing, and finding indicators to predict prices. The main thing of this design is to predict stock prices using ML Algorithms in fields similar to Econometrics & Operation Research. The main thing of this design is to prognosticate stock prices using ML Algorithm. Tae Kyun Lee, Joon HyungCho, Deuk SinKwon and So YoungSohn[14] have experimented and stated that the Random Forest model gave 54.12 accuracies among the here models which are used by authors for stock market prediction.

III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The vaticination styles can be roughly divided into two orders, statistical styles, and artificial intelligence styles

1) *Long Short- Term Memory network:* (LSTM) is a particular form of intermittent neural network(RNN).

Working of LSTM: LSTM is a special network structure with three “gate” structures. Three gates are placed in an LSTM unit, called the input gate, forgetting gate and affair gate. While information enters the LSTM’s network can be named by rules. Only the information that conforms to the algorithm will be left, and the information that doesn't conform will be forgotten through the forgetting gate. habituated Long Short- term Memory(LSTM) with bedded subcaste and the LSTM neural network with automatic encoder. LSTM is used rather than RNN to avoid exploding and evaporating slants. The literal stock data table contains information on the opening price, the loftiest price, the smallest price, the ending price, the sale date, volume and so on.

Connection

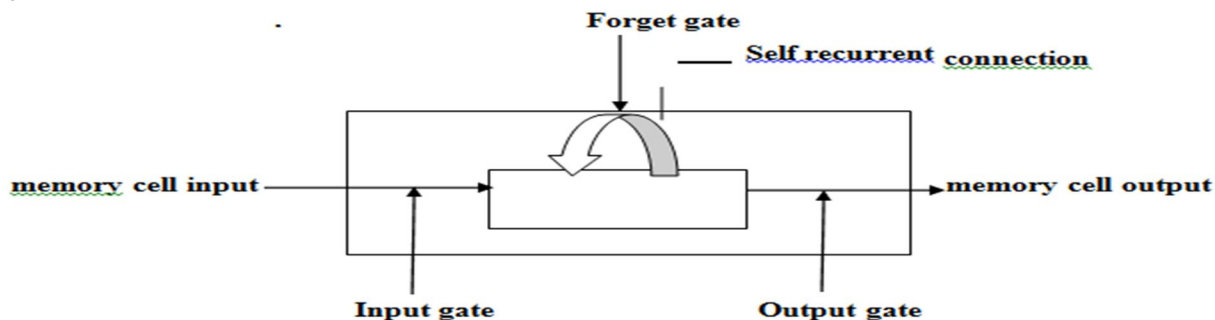


Figure 1. Simplified Look at LSTM Cell

Algorithm 1: Stock prediction using LSTM

Input: Historic stock data

Output: prediction of the stock price using price variation

Step 1: Start.

Step 2: Data Preprocessing after getting the historic data from the market for a particular share.

Step 3: After importing the dataset to the data structure, read the open price.

Step 4: Do a feature scaling on the data so that the data values will vary from 0 and 1.

Step 5: Create a data structure with 60 timestamps and 1 output.

Step 6: Building the RNN (Recurrent neural network) for the Step 5 data set and Initialize the RNN by using a sequential repressor.

Step 7: Incorporating an initial LSTM layer and applying Dropout regularization to eliminate irrelevant data.

Step 8: Adding the output layer.

Step 9: Compiling the RNN by adding Adam optimization and the loss as mean_squared_error.

Step 10: Making the predictions and visualizing the results using plotting techniques

2) *Random Forest*: Random Forest works in two-phase first is to create the random forest by combining N decision tree, and the second is to make predictions for each tree created in the first phase.

Working of Random Forest:

"Random Forest is a classifier that contains a number of decision trees on various subsets of the given dataset and takes the average to improve the predictive accuracy of that dataset."

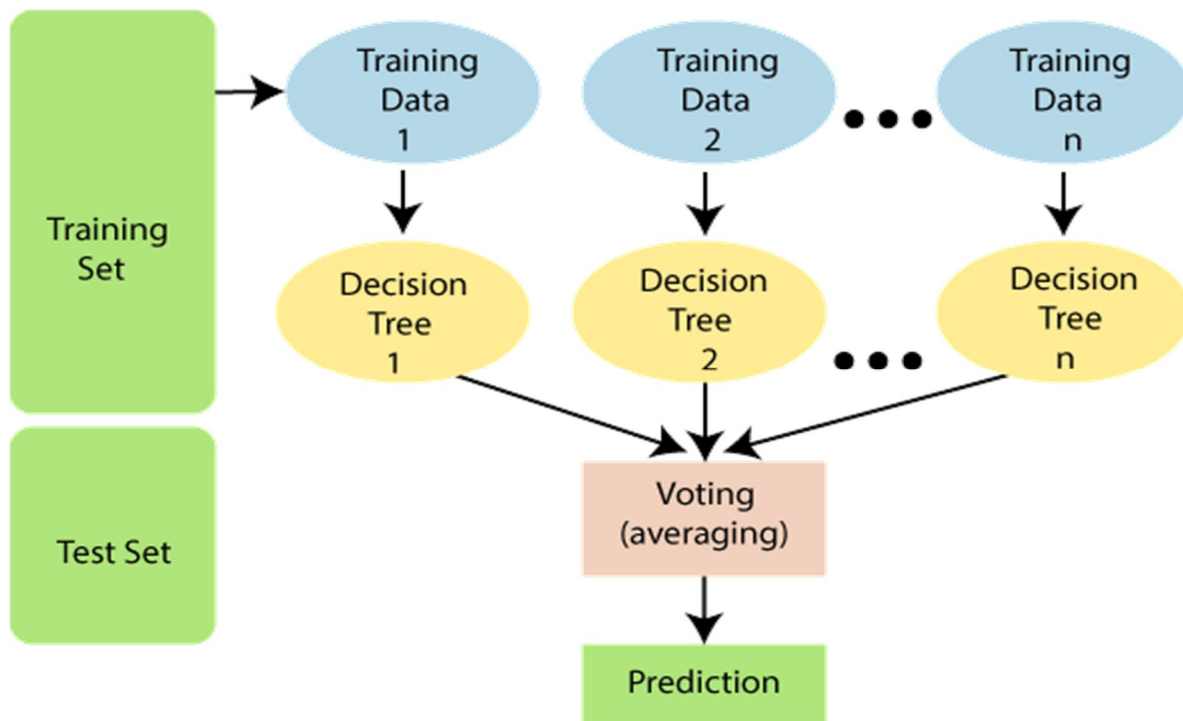


Figure 2: Simplified Working of Random Forest

Algorithm 2: Stock prediction using Random Forest The Working process can be explained in the below steps Step-1: Select random K data points from the training set.

Step-2: Build the decision trees associated with the selected data points (Subsets).

Step-3: Choose the number N for decision trees that you want to build.

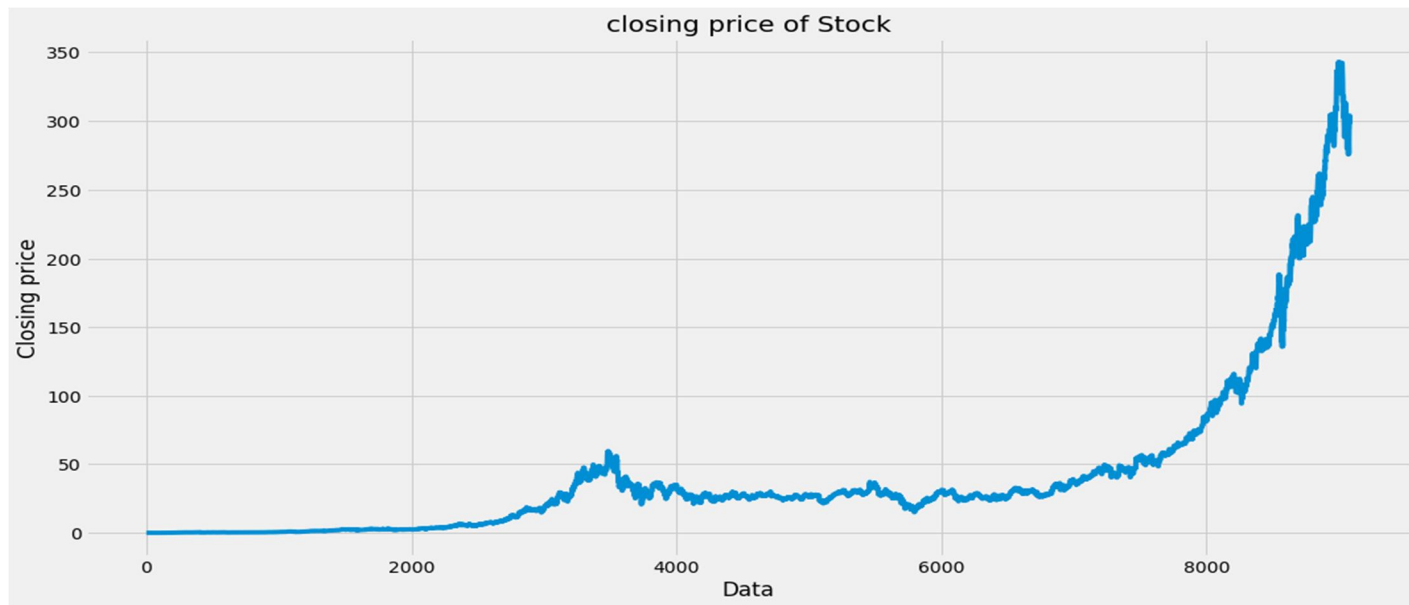
Step-4: Repeat Step 1 & 2.

Step-5: For new data points, find the predictions of each decision tree, and assign the new data points to the category that wins the majority votes

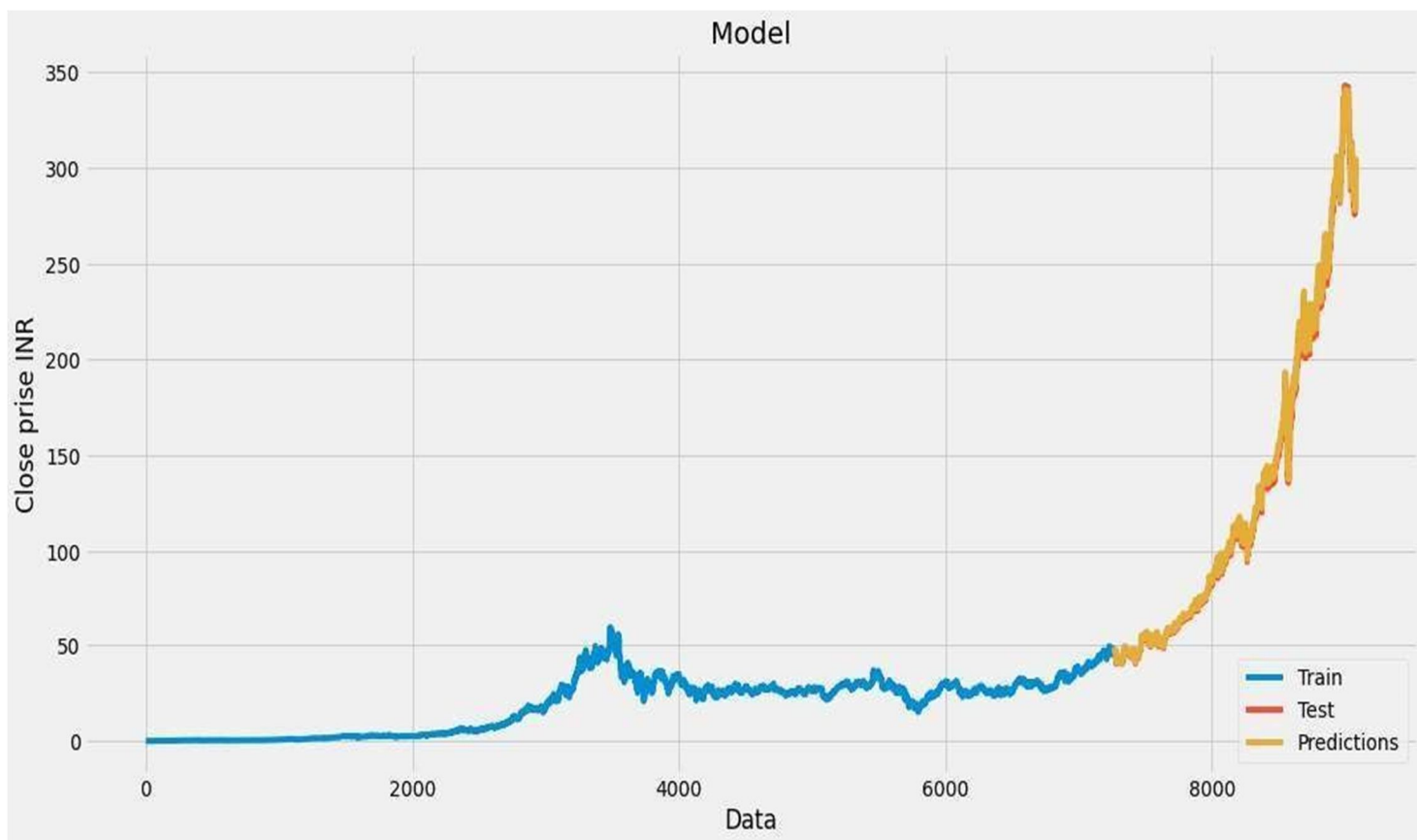
IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The implementation of the proposed LSTM model using python predicts the future price of MICROSOFT shares based on its historical data.

In our research paper the implementation of an algorithm which predicts the stock price of a share for a given period of time, the below graph from our algorithm will show the predicted price of MICROSOFT shares.



Line Chart of Closing price of stock



Line chart showing training, testing and predicted data

```
In [8]:
...:
...: valid
Out[8]:
      Close Predictions
7267  47.590000  46.447990
7268  47.189999  47.796257
7269  46.599998  47.482006
7270  46.360001  46.836147
7271  45.959999  46.561771
...
9078  300.429993  283.744965
9079  299.160004  288.281952
9080  304.059998  289.800903
9081  299.489990  292.054779
9082  304.100006  291.007538

[1816 rows x 2 columns]
```

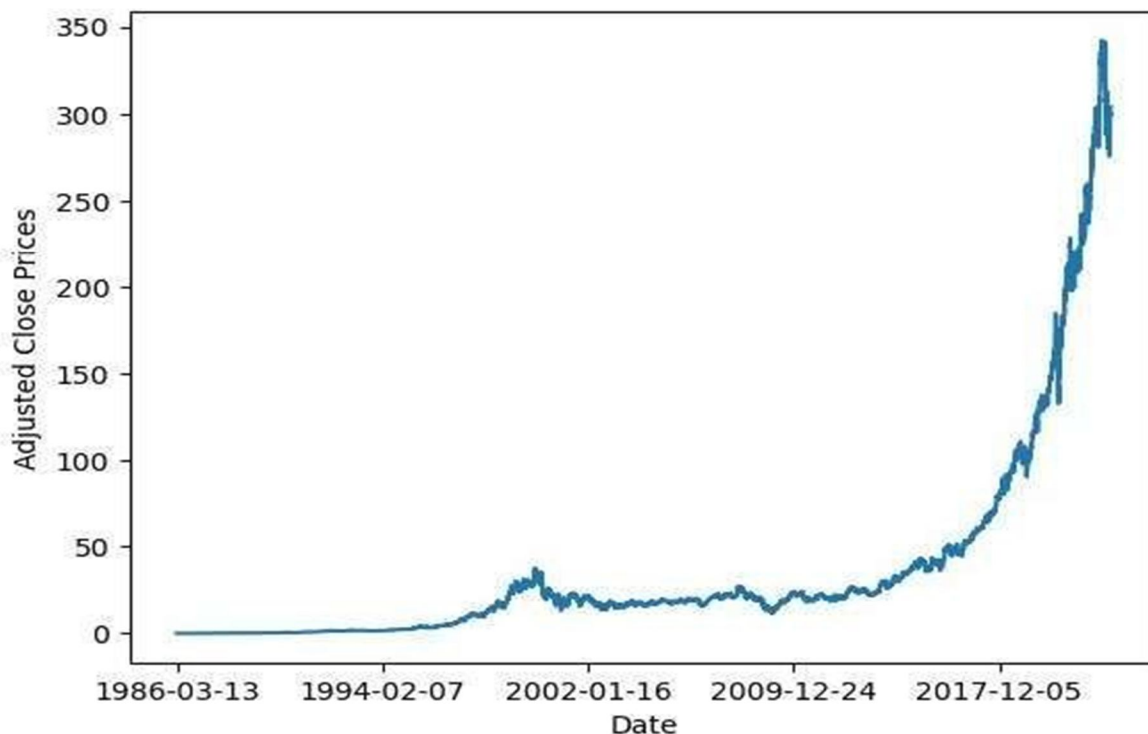
Screenshot of Predictions

The perpetration of proposed LSTM model using python which predicts the unborn price of Microsoft data partake grounded on its literal data. The proposed algorithm can prognosticate the share price with a veritably low loss and error rate. This perpetration provides us with a large range of parameters similar to learning rates, and input and affair impulses. The proposed algorithm works veritably and effectively on alarge set of data.

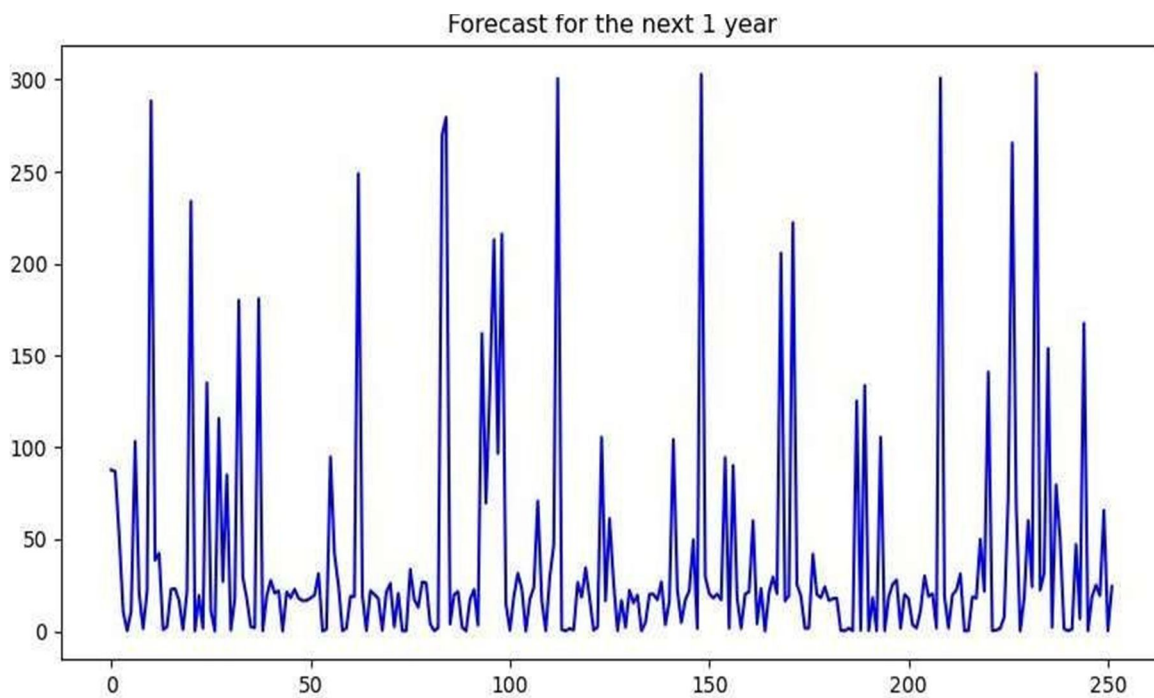
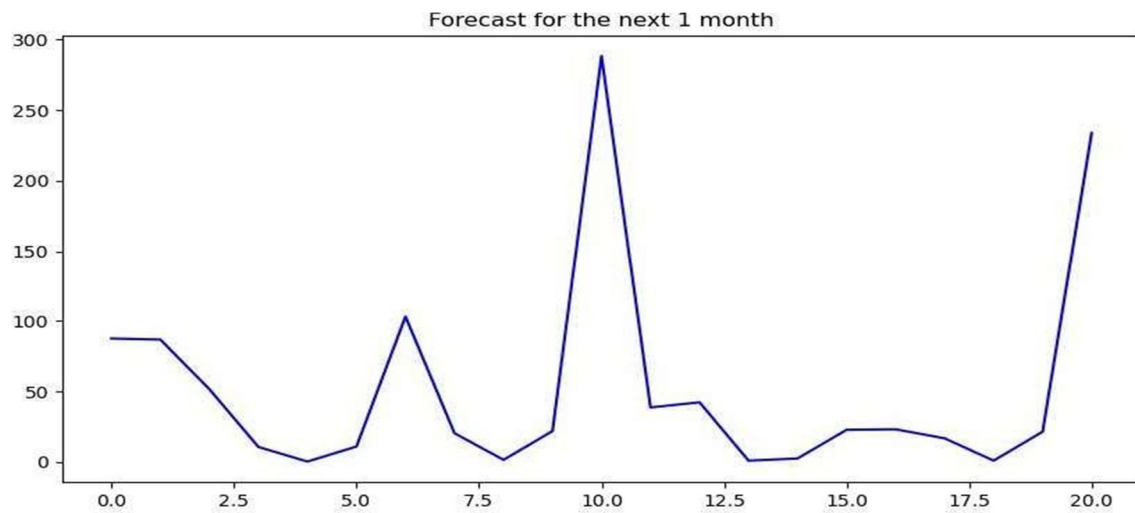
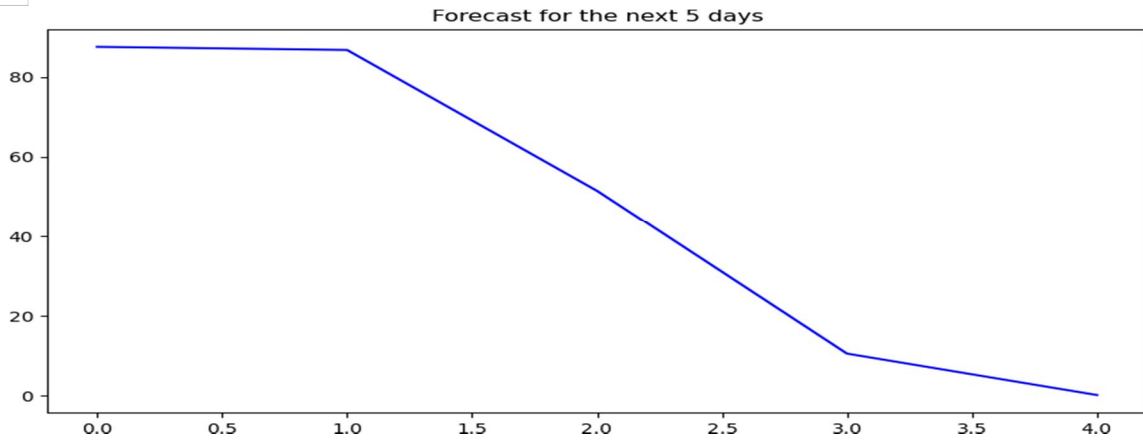
No fine adaptations are needed. The complexity to modernize each weight is reduced to $O(1)$ with LSTMs, analogous to that of Back Propagation Through Time(BPTT), which is an advantage. LSTMs give us a large range of parameters similar to learning rates, and input and affair impulses.

A long short-term memory network (LSTM) is a particular form of intermittent neural network(RNN).

The implementation of the proposed Random Forest model using Python predicts the future price ofMICROSOFT shares based on its historical data.



Line Chart of Closing price of stock





V. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE SCOPE

The study of the share is carried out in this paper and it can be carried out for several shares in the future. The vaticination could be more dependable if the model trains a lesser number of data sets using advanced computing capacities, an increased number of layers, and LSTM modules.

In unborn improvement, the addition of sentiment analysis from social media to understand what therequest thinks about the price variation for a particular share can be enforced by adding social media.

Overall, it sounded like the LSTM model was suitable to significantly prognosticate stock price movement generally successfully with point engineering and hyperactive- tuning. Removing the trend and getting the model to train on only the seasonal element still, sounded to have granted the model the capability to have commanding pointers and gave the vaticination a much better delicacy.

There's a great eventuality for the vaticination of entry/ exit into the request grounded on a proper threshold to achieve the most optimal result.

Fundamentally, the stock market represents the sentiments and feelings of human being's pure number crunching and analysis have their limitations. a possible extension of this stock prediction system would be to augment it with a news feed analysis from social media Platforms like Twitter provide a means of measuring emotions based on the content shared on the platform.. This sentiment analysis can be linked with the LSTM to better train weights and further improve accuracy

After every one of the incorporations of results, applied Machine Learning calculations. After comparing the results, we come to the conclusion that while each of these algorithms is capable of making accurate stock price predictions, Decision Tree and Random Forest Regressor stand out as the best regression algorithms.

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