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Targeted Individuals (TIs) and Electronic Harassment

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Abstract: Targeted Individual (TI) = a person being harassed (often Electronically)

Psychotronic Weapons = Brain Manipulation From a Distance These weapons interact with the nervous system of the target individual, effecting the target's conscious and subconscious mind, resulting in suffering

I. INTRODUCTION

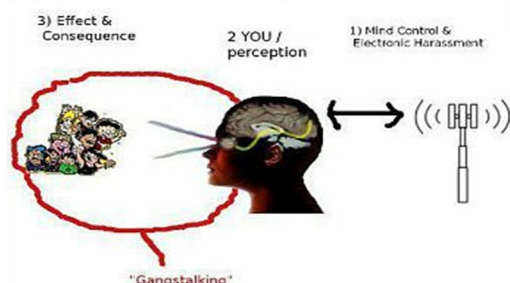
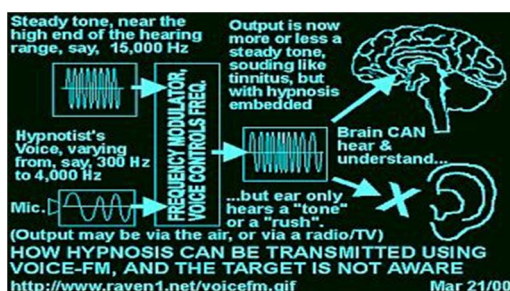
Electronic Harassment and other forms of control are designed to leave targets feeling stressed out, disoriented, drowsy, helpless, and paranoid. Targets are left with no one to trust and no one to turn to. This form of harassment uses electronic weapons of various types to remotely torture, control, and physically harm Targeted Individuals overtime. There are a variety of means that are used remotely to harm and control the targeted individuals. Some of these techniques are: Microwave, Ultrasonic, Laser, and Acoustic weapons such as Voice to Skull (v2k,v-2-k), which are used remotely to cause a variety of effects on Targeted Individuals. Many victims find themselves implanted with microchips which have become too small for the human eye to see Targeted individuals often report headaches, red eyes, frequent direct pain, toothaches and plenty of other symptoms as signs of being attacked. Continued bad luck or the occasional rude stranger are often taken as signs of being a targeted individual According to Targeted Justice, an advocacy group for targeted individuals, members believe there are about 170,000 targeted people in the U.S. and more than 1 million worldwide. A conservative estimate by The New York Times believes more than 10,000 people are part of the targeted individual community.

Aaron Alexis, a 34-year-old who believed he was suffering from "ultra-low frequency attacks," killed 12 people with a shotgun in a Washington Navy Yard in 2013.

Myron May, a 31-year-old who also believed he was being targeted shot three people at Florida State University in 2014 before dying in a shootout with police.

Incidents like these are rare, just as violent tendencies among those with mental health issues are rare too.

II. METHODOLOGY





III. EXPERIMENTS

Current data about mind control victims According to an anonymous survey (result on December 19, 2009) for 296 mind control victims all over the world, including 130 females and 166 males, 71.29% of all victims had completed a college degree, with 13.86% of all victims attaining a Master or a Doctor degree.

Their Ages were: 10-20: 13 (4.39%); 21-30: 64 (21.62%); 31-40: 87 (29.39%); 41-50: 70 (23.65%); 51-60: 42 (14.19%); 61-70: 15 (5.07%); above 70: 5 (1.69%).

Year Torture Began: 1970-1980: 29 (9.80%); 1981-1990: 40 (13.51%); 1991-1995: 34 (11.49%); 1996: 18 (6.08%); 1997: 5 (1.69%); 1998: 11 (3.72%); 1999: 6 (2.03%); 2000: 16 (5.41%); 2001: 17 (5.74%); 2002: 15 (5.07%); 2003: 12 (4.05%); 2004: 21 (7.09%); 2005: 15 (5.07%); 2006: 17 (5.74%); 2007: 11 (3.72%); 2008: 23 (7.77%)

Ages when they were aware of being a target: 10-20: 69 (23.31%); 21-30: 92 (31.08%); 31-40: 49 (16.55%); 41-50: 59 (19.93%); 51-60: 21 (7.09%); 61-70: 5 (1.69%); above 70: 1 (0.34%)

IV. 5 STEPS TO PREVENT ELECTRONIC HARASSMENT

If you're not a victim but would like to proactively protect yourself and your family members, I recommend following these five steps in addition to the advice above:

- 1) Avoid participating on forums or sites that encourage anonymous posts, like Topix.com. These sites have a history of user complaints about allowing inappropriate content to remain on their sites and not taking sufficient steps to block the person who posted it.
- 2) Buy the domains for your and your children's names. This could help prevent someone from making a "hate site" about you or your child. Domains are relatively cheap from sites like GoDaddy.com.
- 3) Use Google Alerts. This will facilitate email notifications being sent to you whenever you or your family member's name appears online.
- 4) Avoid using any social network or online forum as your online diary. Venting in status updates and posting stories about your personal life are easy ways for people with bad intentions to take advantage of you. It's important to realize that, just as in real life, there are some things that aren't meant to be shared with the public. If you absolutely have to share something personal with someone else online, send them a private message or an email.
- 5) Find and remove your personal information from information-aggregator sites like Spokeo.com. Sites like these make it easy for individuals to obtain relatively accurate information about you. Finally, recognize that these steps, though helpful, are not entirely fool-proof and can't guarantee that you or a family member won't be harassed online. While it's important to follow these steps, it's equally important that you establish a dialogue with your children about why it's never O.K. to harass or bully someone online. The key to ending cyber-harassment and cyber-stalking starts at home, and involves each of us teaching our children how to be kind, responsible digital citizens.

V. CONCLUSION

My advice is that use binaural beats it help us to relax from this torture, do some meditation and go through body detox regularly to make the body alkaline and help manage the side effects of this electronic torture on physical and mental health



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