



# IJRASET

International Journal For Research in  
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



---

# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

---

**Volume:** 11    **Issue:** XI    **Month of publication:** November 2023

**DOI:** <https://doi.org/10.22214/ijraset.2023.56518>

[www.ijraset.com](http://www.ijraset.com)

Call:  08813907089

E-mail ID: [ijraset@gmail.com](mailto:ijraset@gmail.com)

# Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove for Enhanced Mobility and Safety in Visually Impaired Individuals

Prof. Vishnu Sonwane<sup>1</sup>, Rudra Bhandari<sup>2</sup>, Omkar Bhanji<sup>3</sup>, Tushar Bhandari<sup>4</sup>, Riddhi Bhandare<sup>5</sup>, Shantanu Bhalke<sup>6</sup>  
Vishwakarma Institute of Technology, Pune, 411037, Maharashtra, India

**Abstract:** This paper explores the conception, production, and actual use of an ultrasonic vibrator glove intended to aid the blind. The glove accomplishes real-time obstacle detection and offers tactile feedback by merging cutting-edge components such as an ultrasonic sensor, haptic motor, and Arduino UNO board. For people who are blind, this breakthrough dramatically improves mobility, independence, and safety. The glove's integration of haptic vibration and ultrasonic detection overcomes conventional constraints and gives users a natural approach to understand their environment. The Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove redefines the tactile experience, allowing those who are blind to navigate their environment more successfully through quick obstacle detection and intuitive vibrations. The end result is a solution that empowers people and encourages self-assurance, independence, and security in their daily lives.

**Keywords:** assistive technology, haptic feedback, accessibility, visually impaired, mobility enhancement, safety, tactile interaction

## I. INTRODUCTION

Visually impaired people struggle with a complex web of challenges that limit their independence and movement in a world that depends on visual clues. A staggering worldwide population of almost 36 million people faces the difficult issue of overcoming barriers that are present everywhere they go in this dynamic. The path of the visually impaired is distinguished by an exceptional tenacity and perseverance, from navigating the difficulties of traveling unfamiliar territory to performing regular activities that others frequently take for granted. In light of this, conventional mobility aids frequently fail to adequately meet the complex demands of this group, even when they appear to be offering some support.

We offer the Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove as a paradigm-changing approach to these urgent problems. This ground-breaking assistive technology is at the cutting edge of innovation, deftly combining cutting-edge components to provide tactile feedback and real-time obstacle identification. By doing so, it not only sheds light on a route to greater mobility but also offers individuals who have long had to navigate a world tainted by constraints a glimmer of hope.

## II. LITERATURE SURVEY

**Third Eye for the Blind: An Innovative Wearable Technology, a Research Paper** The article "Using NI myRIO" introduces a wearable tool to help people with vision impairments navigate their surroundings. The device uses an HCSR04 ultrasonic distance sensor and an NI myRIO controller to identify obstructions. The user receives input in the form of vibrations and a buzzer, which get stronger the farther away from barriers they are. The study demonstrates the potential of fusing technology with sensory feedback to build a useful assistance system, with the goal of improving mobility and independence for the visually impaired [1].

The paper titled "SMART HAND GLOVES FOR BLIND AND DUMB PEOPLE" describes the creation of electronic hand gloves to improve communication and mobility for people who are blind or deaf. Ultrasonic sensors, Bluetooth modules, microcontrollers (Arduino Nano), buzzers, and metal contacts are just a few of the technologies incorporated into the gloves. Blind users of the system can use ultrasonic sensors to identify impediments and receive feedback in the form of vibrations and sounds. Dumb people can engage with others using predefined commands thanks to metal contacts on the gloves that convey messages to an Android application through Bluetooth [2].

The study titled "Advance Glove for Blind" describes a system using smart gloves outfitted with ultrasonic sensors and buzzers to help communication and mobility for blind people. The proposed approach intends to increase the autonomy and social integration of blind people. The design, implementation, and methods of the smart glove system are described in the paper. The system's primary goal is to aid blind people in navigating their surroundings independently, without the need for constant support from others [3].

An innovative concept for a smart stick is put out in the paper "An Inventive Thought for Understanding The Passionate Needs of Individuals Who Are Blind" with the goal of assisting blind people in safely navigating their surroundings. The authors, Farhin Farhad Riya and Kazi Sultana Farhana Azam, talk about the difficulties that people with vision impairments experience and present a solution that makes use of a number of sensors and technology to improve their mobility and safety [4].

The paper titled "Obstacle Avoidance Gloves for the Blind Based on Ultrasonic Sensor" describes a design for gloves that use ultrasonic sensors to help blind people identify obstacles and assure safer navigation. The paper explains the suggested obstacle avoidance glove system's design idea, component selection, programming, and structural design [5].

The smart walking stick described in the paper "ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE BASED SMART WALKING STICK" is intended to help visually impaired people navigate their surroundings. The system provides obstacle detection, path guidance, and emergency communication using ultrasonic sensors, infrared sensors, an Arduino microcontroller, GPS tracking, and other components [6].

Another study describes a navigation system built on an Arduino platform that helps people with vision impairments find their way around. The device uses ultrasonic sensors to find adjacent objects and transmits audio and vibration signals as feedback. The system's components, working process, and design are all thoroughly detailed. Furthermore, the authors highlight the benefits and prospective uses of the created system [7].

The authors describe an intelligent guide stick that will help blind people navigate their environment more efficiently. A microcontroller, two DC motors, and an ultrasonic displacement sensor are all included in the guide stick's arsenal of critical parts. Together, these components allow the stick to recognize obstacles and navigate predefined courses [8].

The authors provide a simulation-based assessment of the Blind Guide prototype, which simulates obstacles as Styrofoam replicas. Participants in the evaluation included both blind and non-blind people, and the prototype, despite some challenges with jacket location, demonstrated encouraging results in recognizing and announcing impediments [9].

The writers focus on the problems in daily life that people who are both blind and deaf experience since they lack sensory sensitivity for both visual and auditory cues. These people have a particularly difficult time navigating their environments and seeing obstacles. The authors suggest a strategy that utilizes a combination of sensory feedback to give these people a reliable method of obstacle detection [10].

### III. METHODOLOGY

The designed system, which embodies innovation, cleverly leverages the power of simplicity and efficiency to achieve its goals with a small number of electronic parts. The system's central Arduino Uno R3 board, powered by the ATmega328p microcontroller, includes an ultrasonic sensor, a vibration motor, a portable power supply, and all of these components. This intentional minimalism simplifies the design, resulting in a synergy that provides efficiency and economy.

The system's design follows a methodical plan, guaranteeing the harmonious convergence of its parts. The meticulously put-together circuit is evidence of clever engineering: soldered with accuracy and connected flawlessly using deliberate jumper wires. It is noteworthy that the design forgoes the customary reliance on a breadboard and chooses to create direct connections to the microcontroller board. Even if waterproofing concerns have not yet been entirely solved, this innovative method amplifies the system's efficiency and compactness, enabling it to be effortlessly integrated into a glove.

The ultrasonic sensor, which serves as both a transmitter and a receiver, is essential to the operation of the system. These roles are carried out through the TRIG (trigger) and ECHO (echo) pins of the device. When the ECHO pin is raised to indicate ready to receive the returning signals, the TRIG pin is raised to a high state to start the emission of ultrasonic waves. The microcontroller and the carefully chosen pin combinations work together to create a symphony of interaction. The echo pin is designated as an input to the microcontroller while the trigger pin is configured as an output. The sensor's capacity to calculate the distance between the item and itself depends critically on this coordination.

The key to how an ultrasonic sensor works is its ability to measure time, which it does by precisely keeping track of how long it takes for an ultrasonic wave to travel from transmitter to object and be picked up by receiver. The pulseIn() method in the Arduino IDE makes this complex time measurement possible. The resulting time value is then cut in half, which is required to account for the ultrasonic wave's round-trip travel. As a crucial metric for measuring distance, this determined value is used.

A vibration motor is smoothly included into the design of the system, complementing the abilities of the ultrasonic sensor. The vibration motor, an elegant representation of simplicity, consists of a straightforward DC motor with an off-centered weight on its shaft. The eccentric weight of the motor creates the appearance of vibration as it rotates, making it a suitable instrument for tactile feedback. The vibration motor's capabilities are enhanced by the use of pulse width modulation (PWM), which enables the control of vibration strength by varying the motor's rotating speed. PWM, a method of converting digital inputs to analog outputs, enables the system to simulate analog outputs from digital signals.

When taking into account the distance between the sensor and an object, the interplay between the ultrasonic sensor and vibration motor is at its most effective. An elegant example of this synergy is the vibration motor's distance-based intensity modulation. The technology skillfully adjusts the vibration motor's intensity while the ultrasonic sensor carefully measures distances. The result is a haptic feedback device that intuitively conveys the spatial information of the surroundings to the user.

The system's functionality has been attested to by the thoughtful validation of these components' strategic interplay through actual prototyping. This practical application demonstrates the system's thoroughness and effectiveness, laying the groundwork for a time when assistive technologies will empower those who need them most.

This is the flowchart of the proposed system:

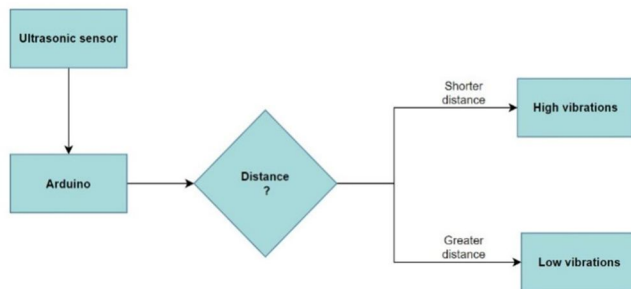


Fig. 1. Flowchart of system

This is the algorithm of the system implementation:

Initialize pins and Serial communication

Loop ():

Trigger ultrasonic sensor  
 Measure echo duration and calculate distance  
 Print distance

If distance between 20 and 100:

Map distance to delay time  
 Activate buzzer and motor for 100ms  
 Delay based on mapped distance

Else if distance less than 20:

Activate buzzer and motor

Else:

Deactivate buzzer and motor

Delay 50ms

End Loop

Fig. 2. Algorithmic representation of the main program

#### IV. COMPONENTS USED

The Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove system's successful implementation depends on a carefully chosen set of crucial elements, each of which contributes to the development of a comprehensive and efficient solution.

##### A. HC-SR04 Ultrasonic Sensor

The forefront of the system's sensory perception is represented by the HC-SR04 ultrasonic sensor. This sensor, tasked with analyzing the complex spatial information, goes beyond simple detection by accurately calculating the separation between itself and any obstructions. The system's real-time obstacle detection capabilities are built on its capacity to send out ultrasonic waves and time how long it takes for them to return. The HC-SR04 ultrasonic sensor fills the gap between the visually impaired person and their environment by converting temporal observations into measurable distance data.



### B. Vibration Motor

The vibration motor assumes the role of an intuitive communication pathway between the user and their environment by being integrated into the system. Its straightforward yet clever design converts rotational motion into tactile feedback by using a DC motor and an eccentric weight. The user experiences their environment through this physical interaction, which is also known as haptic feedback. The user may "feel" the distances between oneself and nearby objects because to the vibration motor's strength modulation, which is based on distance data. This crucial component serves as the link that grants the blind person a previously unheard-of level of non-visual awareness.

### C. Arduino Uno R3

The system's brain, the Arduino Uno R3, is a genuine powerhouse of a microprocessor. This small yet sophisticated device, driven by the ATmega328p microcontroller, directs the intricate symphony of interactions between parts. Its configurable features enable the smooth execution of algorithms that convert unprocessed data into useful information. The Arduino Uno R3 transforms the system from a collection of parts to a smart and useful whole by providing the necessary intelligence for interpreting ultrasonic sensor data and translating it into usable haptic feedback signals for the vibration motor.

After assembly, the system resembles the following diagram:

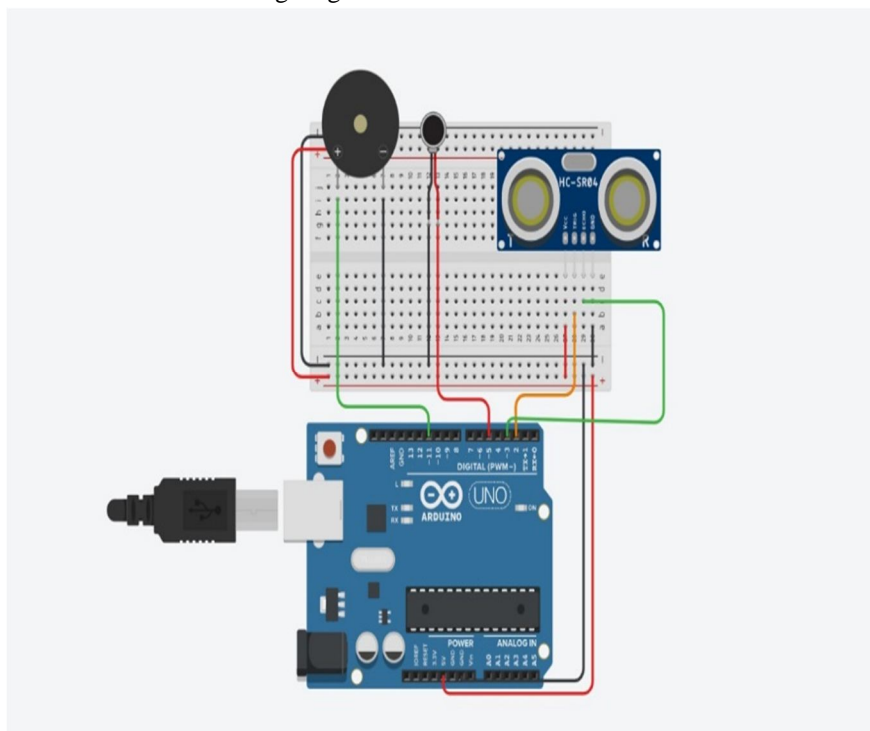


Fig. 3. Circuit representation

## V. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

The Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove is a ground-breaking step in transforming the lives of people who are blind or visually impaired, giving them the ability to navigate their environment with more safety and self-assurance. This section explores the significant effects of the system's application, shedding light on how its cutting-edge functionality and design work together to improve the quality of life for the community of people who are visually impaired.

The Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove's capacity to reconfigure how visually impaired people perceive and interact with their surroundings is the key to its effectiveness. The system acts as a brave guide, lending assistance to users as they travel through strange territory and go about their regular activities. The glove transforms into a trusted ally by providing real-time input on the proximity of items, giving users increased confidence as they navigate their surroundings. Users gain a proactive edge by being immediately and visibly aware of adjacent barriers, which enables them to foresee and avoid potential dangers.

The system's ability to provide real-time feedback is among its most significant accomplishments. Individuals who are blind or visually challenged now have a non-visual interface to sense their surroundings thanks to this transformational capability. The glove produces an intuitive and immediate symphony of engagement as the ultrasonic sensor carefully measures distances and the vibration motor converts this information into tactile sensations. This continuous feedback loop not only promotes spatial awareness but also acts as a motivator for well-informed choices. The interaction between a visually impaired person and their environment is radically altered by this technological integration, giving them access to a form of non-visual perception that is unmatched.

Beyond its immediate value, the Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove redefines independence for those who are blind. Users are liberated from the limitations of external support thanks to the system's ability to provide crucial environmental information in real-time. The glove fosters a sensation of independence that was previously unreachable, enabling precise crossing of roads and assured movement through busy areas. Users gain a fresh level of self-sufficiency thanks to the system's innate ability to give them a detailed grasp of their environment and the ability to carry out daily tasks independently.

The development of the Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove demonstrates how technology has the power to reduce accessibility gaps and promote a more inclusive society. This invention is a monument to human intellect and compassion since it combines cutting-edge technology, clever design, and a sincere desire to improve the lives of people who are blind. The system's success acts as a ray of hope, encouraging additional research into the potential of assistive technology that has the potential to completely transform the lives of people with disabilities.

Table 2. Corresponding results

Step	Action	Distance (cm)	Buzzer	Motor
1	Trigger US sensor	-	-	-
2	Measure echo duration	-	-	-
3	Calculate distance	-	-	-
4	Print distance	50	-	-
5	Check distance conditions	50	-	-
6	Map distance for delay time	-	-	-
7	Activate buzzer and motor for 100ms	-	HIGH	HIGH
8	Delay based on mapped distance	-	HIGH	HIGH
9	Deactivate buzzer and motor	-	LOW	LOW
10	Delay 50ms	-	-	-
11	Repeat from step 1	-	-	-

## VI. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the process of designing, creating, and implementing the Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove serves as a powerful example of how technology may improve the lives of those who are blind or visually impaired. This innovative project, which combines ultrasonic sensors, the Arduino Uno microcontroller, a buzzer, and the tactile prowess of a vibration motor, was created with the sole aim of revolutionizing mobility and safety for the blind community. It ushers in a new era of independence.

The Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove, a fully functional prototype that was created after extensive research and development, successfully brought the concept to life. The ultrasonic sensor functions essentially as a sentinel, accurately identifying surrounding obstacles that are within its defined range. This data is smoothly transferred to the Arduino Uno board, where it is transformed into insights that may be put into practice. The resulting alerts serve as the visceral language through which the visually impaired person understands their surroundings. They resonate as audio messages from the buzzer and tactile sensations from the vibration motor.

The Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove's effectiveness and indispensableness have been thoroughly established thanks to the priceless insights gathered from rigorous field tests and user feedback. Individuals now have improved obstacle detection, negotiation, and avoidance skills because to the real-time feedback mechanism, which has directly improved mobility and safety. The deep potential of technology to promote autonomy and improve quality of life for the blind people is furthered by this breakthrough.

This is not the end of the adventure; rather, it is the beginning of an era of ongoing innovation and advancement in the field of assistive technology for the blind. The marriage of ultrasonic sensors, microcontrollers, and wearable technology is an example of the complex technology integration. This combination opens up a world of fascinating possibilities. The Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove is a

transformative movement's trigger, starting the path toward more complex and intricate gadgets that can further improve the lives of the blind.

While this project represents a positive step towards empowerment, it also opens the door to new possibilities for development. Future editions could take unknown paths, including incorporating machine learning techniques for more accurate obstacle recognition or GPS technology to provide all-encompassing navigation support. Additionally, the glove's comfort and ergonomic design may be adjusted to provide not just initial usability but also sustained satisfaction over time.

Table 1. Aspects and their impacts and benefits.

Aspects	Impact and Benefits
Increased Safety	Real-time obstacle detection enhances safety by alerting users to nearby objects, preventing collisions and accidents.
Enhanced Mobility	Users experience improved navigation and mobility, enabling confident movement through unfamiliar environments.
Independence	Provides users with autonomy, reducing reliance on external assistance for tasks like crossing roads and navigating crowded spaces.
Immediate Feedback	Tactile feedback in the form of vibrations offers instant awareness of the surroundings, promoting proactive decision-making.
Non-Visual Perception	Introduces a non-visual method for perceiving the environment, breaking down barriers between the visually impaired and their surroundings.
Quality of Life Improvement	Introduces a non-visual method for perceiving the environment, breaking down barriers between the visually impaired and their surroundings.
Technological Innovation	Demonstrates the transformative potential of assistive technology in creating inclusive solutions for people with disabilities.
Research Inspiration	Paves the way for further exploration and development of innovative solutions to address challenges faced by visually impaired individuals.

In conclusion, the Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove goes beyond the bounds of its technological elements, capturing the essence of empowerment and transformation. The direction of development pulls us towards a future where accessibility knows no boundaries. We collaboratively construct a culture where barriers melt and inclusion reigns through fostering and improving technology. In this endeavor, the Ultrasonic Vibrator Glove is a guiding light, showing the way to a more enlightened and open society for everybody.

### REFERENCES

- [1] "Third Eye for the Blind: An Innovative Wearable Technology using NI myRIO", International Journal of Emerging Technologies and Innovative Research (www.jetir.org), ISSN:2349-5162, Vol.8, Issue 8, page no.d775-d780, August-2021,
- [2] Sawant, Er Khushboo, and Yadav Punarvit. "Arduino based smart gloves for blind, deaf and dumb using sign and home automation mode." In 2021 International Conference on Advances in Technology, Management & Education (ICATME), pp. 244-248. IEEE, 2021.
- [3] Rakshitha R, Mahalakshmi H N, Priyanka L, Ranjitha, Mahadevaswamy, Naveen Kumar H N, Sudheesh K V, 2022, Smart Gloves for Visually Challenged, INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF ENGINEERING RESEARCH & TECHNOLOGY (IJERT) ICEI – 2022 (Volume 10 – Issue 11)
- [4] Riya, Farhin Farhad, and Kazi Sultana Farhana Azam. "An Inventive Thought for Understanding The Passionate Needs of Individuals Who Are Blind." In 2020 International Conference on Electronics and Sustainable Communication Systems (ICESC), pp. 157-160. IEEE, 2020.



- [5] Zhou, Ruochuan. "Obstacle avoidance gloves for the blind based on ultrasonic sensor." *Intelligent Control and Automation* 10, no. 03 (2019): 107.
- [6] Krishna, P. Vamsi. "ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE BASED SMART WALKING STICK." *ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE* 8, no. 5 (2021).
- [7] Prakash et.al. , 2021. AN EFFICIENT NAVIGATION SYSTEM FOR THE VISUALLY IMPAIRED.
- [8] Kang, Sung-Jae, Young Ho, and In Hyuk Moon. "Development of an intelligent guide-stick for the blind." In *Proceedings 2001 ICRA. IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (Cat. No. 01CH37164)*, vol. 4, pp. 3208-3213. IEEE, 2001.
- [9] Pereira, António, Nelson Nunes, Daniel Vieira, Nuno Costa, Hugo Fernandes, and João Barroso. "Blind guide: An ultrasound sensor-based body area network for guiding blind people." *Procedia Computer Science* 67 (2015): 403-408.
- [10] Mahdi Safaa, A., H. Muhsin Asaad, and I. Al-Mosawi Ali. "Using ultrasonic sensor for blind and deaf persons combines voice alert and vibration properties." *Research Journal of Recent Sciences ISSN 2277* (2012): 2502.





10.22214/IJRASET



45.98



IMPACT FACTOR:  
7.129



IMPACT FACTOR:  
7.429



# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Call : 08813907089  (24\*7 Support on Whatsapp)