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Web Scrapping for E-Commerce Websites

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Abstract: *The prices of the products in the E-commerce sites change frequently. It becomes very difficult for the users to monitor the prices and get the best deal available on the internet. The proposed model tackles this problem by creating a user-friendly model using Web scrapping and machine learning concepts so that the model can be used by the users to monitor and compare the prices of products across the websites, send an email alert notification when there is a price drop and also to predict the future prices.*

Index terms: *Web scrapping, Web Crawling, BeautifulSoup, Random Forest Regression, Lasso Regression*

I. INTRODUCTION

Web Scrapping is a process which is used to extract data from websites which can further be used based on the requirements. It is a technique where large amounts of data can be extracted and stored in local machines in required format. Web scrapping reduces the time and effort required to scrape data from the internet. The data collected from web scrapping can be used in various applications like sentiment analysis, machine learning predictions and classifications, and aggregation of information to a single platform which makes it easier for accessing at one place. There are an increasing number of e-commerce sites where the prices of the products keep changing. Any user who wishes to buy a product from e-commerce sites will have to go through a number of websites in order to compare the product in all the websites. The user should select the website to buy the product such that the price is reasonable and ratings are good when compared with other websites. It becomes tedious for anyone who wants to check this manually every time they want to buy anything online. The main objective of this paper is to make the above mentioned process user friendly such that they should be able to get the best e-commerce site from which they can buy the product.

This paper comes with an approach using Web Scrapping and Machine Learning to tackle these user problems and predict the price of the products and the best website from which the product should be bought. It also alerts the user through email if there is a price drop below a certain threshold.

II. RELATED WORK

A. Background Work

Numerous scrapers have been written in various programming languages and frameworks are being used for retrieving web data. Such as BeautifulSoup, Scrapy, Java, and Ruby. BeautifulSoup is used to extract banner ads from different websites [1]. Some studies explain the techniques of web scrapping such as Hadul Hafeez, et.al. [2] work implemented the scraper software that is capable of collecting the updated information from the target products hosted in fabulous online e-commerce websites. Other studies discussed tools and techniques that could be used to run web scrapping [3] [4] [5]. Most of these are free of cost and easy to use.

Extracting the data from an E-commerce website, based on the automatic generation of data records and summarizing the content of the entire website is defined in [6]. This is obtained by using web scrapping and optical character recognition, followed by a number of nontrivial text mining and feature engineering steps. The web scrapping techniques are mostly done by creating programs that automatically run queries to the web server, requesting data (usually in HTML and other forms of web pages), then parses the data to extract the necessary information and to analyze the weather related analysis in South Sumatera[7].

Marco Scarno, et.al [8] investigated the possibilities of structuring data from different websites through web scrapping techniques and exploited what is offered by some web search engines to progressively create queries that enabled them to select the most useful information they needed. Some of the studies discussed the use of web scrapping to extract the user information from Instagram to study and improve the features of the platform and user experience in the social media[9], [10]. While the other studies involve extraction of data in the news reporting analysis [11] and evaluating the future stock value assets [12] and Bitcoin fluctuating values in [13].

Web scrapping can be automated by keeping the scheduler without burdening the extractor [14] [15]. Alvin Chandra, et.al [16] improved the social media platforms by using their respective API and Regex in the web scrapping techniques. Web scrapping techniques in [17] explained the complete detail for text analysis by extracting only the required text and using the Jaro-Winkler algorithm.

Next, the data from the database is preprocessed into a pandas dataframe. The preprocessed data is used to train the machine learning algorithms. Variety of regression algorithms were used and evaluated on the basis of different performance metrics. The model which shows the best results is selected.

Lastly, the selected algorithm is used for predicting the future prices of the product and displayed on the dashboard. Fig 4 explains the workflow of the proposed system.

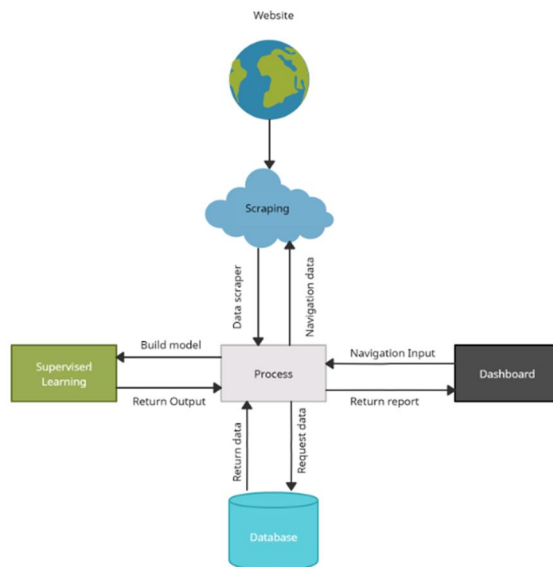


Fig 4: Block diagram of proposed model

III. IMPLEMENTATION AND EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

The project was implemented in two phases: Scraping the websites and using the scraped data into Machine learning models for product price prediction.

1) Phase 1

In phase 1, the required product items are listed out and used in the web scraping process. The web scraping is done on the selected websites by importing the necessary libraries. The scraped data will be in the form of raw data which needs to be processed thoroughly in order to get readable data as shown in Fig 5. Once the data is ready, it will be stored and used by machine learning algorithms in the further phase.

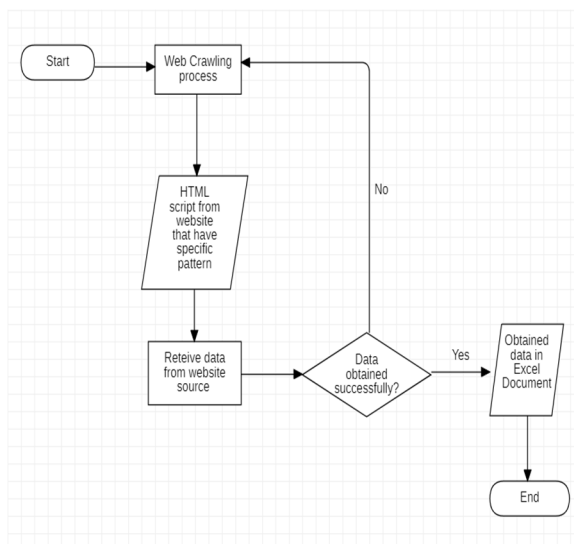


Fig 5: Phase 1 Data Flow Diagram

2) Phase 2

In the second phase, the data generated from web scraping is used. Preprocessing and sampling is performed on the dataset. Once the data is in the required format, it is splitted into a train set and test set. Different features are tried such as day of week, time stamp, ratings etc. Variety of supervised regression algorithms, like Polynomial regression, Lasso regression, SVM and Random forest regression were used while training the model. Detailed stepwise process is shown in the Fig 6

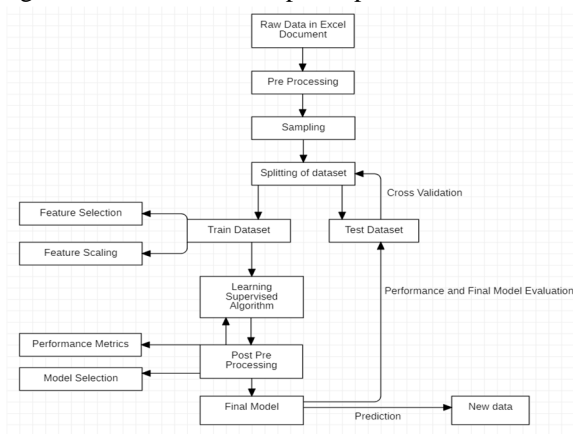


Fig 6: Phase 2 Data Flow Diagram

The evaluation of the model is performed on the test set based on the R-squared, RMSE(Root mean square error) and MAE(Mean absolute error). Table 1 shows the metrics comparison between the algorithms. It is observed that Random forest regression showed good results in terms of R-squared and SVM model showed negative R-squared value. Though the RMSE value is high for Random forest, it is observed that, with increase in days and data, the RMSE value decreased. Since Random forest outperformed remaining algorithms, it was selected for later processes such as carrying out predictions.

Table 1 : Performance metrics comparisons

Metrics	Polynomial Regression Model		Random Forest Model		Lasso Regression		SVM	
	Train data	Test data	Train data	Test data	Train data	Test data	Train data	Test data
RSquare	0.008	0.002	0.99	0.95	0.005	0.001	-0.04	-0.04
RMSE	36483	35762	3389	7333	36543	35766	37525	36612
MAE	26960	26816	1117	2066	26954	26791	26142	26074

The Fig 7 - Fig 9 shows how the selected algorithms are trying to learn the data points. We can clearly see a very good learning nature of the random forest whereas the remaining are failed to learn the patterns.

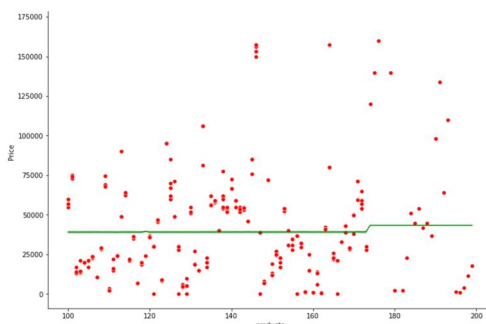


Fig 7 : Lasso Regression

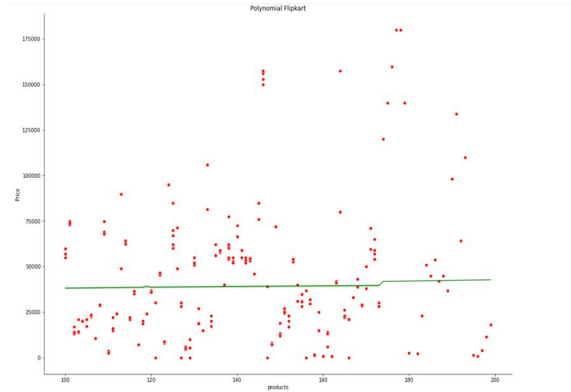


Fig 8: Polynomial Regression

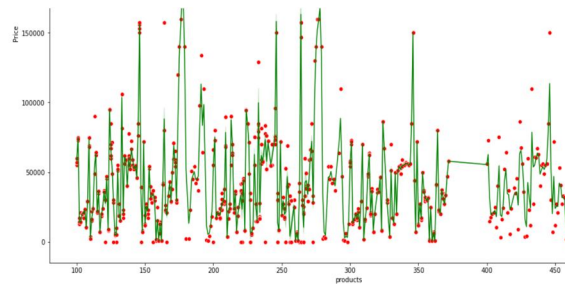


Fig 9: Random Forest Regression

A. Prediction Sample

Table 2 shows the results predicted one days ahead of time. It is observed that the trained random forest model predicted results are almost identical with the actual price on that day. We can see the user can get the best deal of product A in website B and also lose the money if purchased from website D and similarly for product B, user can get the best deal in website C and lose the money if purchased in website D. Users can use the email alert utility. Whenever the product price decreases to the user set price, the user will get an email notification to purchase the product. Fig 10 shows a sample of email notification products.

Table 2 : Proactive Predictions

Product_name	Price(2022-06-17)	Pred_price	Website	Unique_id
Product A	₹20,000	₹19675	Website A	118
Product A	₹18,690	₹19177	Website B	218
Product A	₹20,000	₹20500	Website C	318
Product A	₹23,990	₹25369	Website D	418
Product B	₹19,764	₹19586	Website A	131
Product B	₹26,999	₹27027	Website B	231
Product B	₹16,999	₹1728	Website C	331
Product B	₹22,999	₹2359	Website D	431

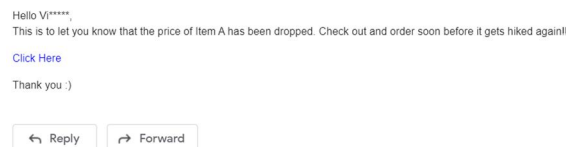


Fig 10: Email alert notification sample

IV. CONCLUSION

The proposed system is tried on different regression algorithms. Random Forest Regression outperformed the Polynomial Regression, Lasso Regression and SVM models. Random Forest Regression showed R-squared of 0.95 and RMSE of 7333 on test data. It is observed that with the increase in days, the R-squared and RMSE metrics improved by learning the patterns of the prices and seasonal effects. The proactive nature of the model benefits the user to estimate the variation in the price of the product and can prepare to buy the product in future. The Email-alert system sends the notification to the user who has set the price limit. As the prices of the products change very frequently, hourly based data scraping gives accurate results from time to time to the users. The proposed system successfully achieves the user expectation while purchasing the products providing the best buy available on E-commerce sites.

Automating the web scraping process, which not only eliminates the manual efforts but also makes the data more time consistent. Developing an UI, web application/mobile application and web extensions by which users can use it easily. Feature exploration and model development for getting better performance results. Implementing more testing models for higher coverage and also eliminating the exceptions, bugs and errors. Making the real time model for prediction and data visualization of the products and their details is always an advantage to the users.

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