



iJRASET

International Journal For Research in
Applied Science and Engineering Technology



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR RESEARCH

IN APPLIED SCIENCE & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY

Volume: 4 Issue: XII Month of publication: December 2016

DOI:

www.ijraset.com

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Defeating DOS Attacks in Low Rate Networks Using Network Multifractal

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Abstract— Nowadays, distributed denial of service (DDoS) attacks pose one of the most serious security threats to the Internet. DDoS attacks can result in a great damage to the network service. To have a better understanding on DoS attacks, this article provides an overview on existing DoS attacks and major defense technologies in the wireless networks. There are number of algorithms existing to counter Low rate DoS attacks but their performance and efficiency vary from one algorithm to another. In this paper we discuss how MF DFA algorithm works and also overcome the drawbacks of previous system and compare it.

Keywords: Low-rate denial of service (LDoS), multifractal detrended fluctuation analysis (MF-DFA), simulation.

I. INTRODUCTION

Distributed denial-of-service is a serious problem and many defenses have been proposed to handle this threat. A common evaluation platform is needed to comparatively evaluate these solutions. The fractal characteristic of network traffic is verified by MF-DFA (Multifractal Detrended Fluctuation Analysis) algorithm. The DFA algorithm is widely used in verifying the scale characteristic of monofractal and in detecting the long-range correlation of noisy nonstationary sequences. By using the MF-DFA algorithm researchers can achieve the multifractal spectrum easily and analyze the multifractal characteristic of nonstationary sequences effectively. MF-DFA algorithm are as follows

Step 1: Computing the “profile”

Step 2: Dividing into non-overlapping segment.

Step 3: Fitting local trend polynomial by using least-square method for each segment.

Step 4: Calculating the qth order fluctuation function by averaging over all segments.

Step 5: Analyzing log-log plots.

Step 6: detecting the DOS attack in low rate network.

II. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

In propose a method by which DDOS attacks IN low rate network can be detected and removed in wireless environments. This approach will be based on a time frame based tracking system, which will check the number of packets arriving in a particular time frame, and then take an action based on the packets and their signature from all the nodes. If the nodes are sending packets in a particular signature, then decide that the particular set of nodes is performing DDOS attack and can remove them from the network. This will help to improve the efficiency of the network, by reducing the overall delay and energy consumption needed to transfer a packet successfully from source to destination. In proposed methodology also used the MF DFA algorithm but in previous work of this MF DFA algorithm can only detect dddos attack but in proposed work also can detect and remove the dddos attack in low rate network.

Following steps are used in MF DFA algorithm

Step 1: Computing the “profile”

Step 2: Dividing into non-overlapping segment.

Step 3: Fitting local trend polynomial by using least-square method for each segment.

Step 4: Calculating the qth order fluctuation function by averaging over all segments.

Step 5: Analyzing log-log plots.

Step 6: detecting the DOS attack in low rate network.

Step 7: If a particular node does not follow the fitting local trend polynomial step then remove the node from any communication in the network.

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III. ADVANTAGES

- A. It is useful for reducing Delay and energy
- B. It improved the packet delivery over the communication channel. This system perform well even when traffic is occur over the network and produced maximum throughput

IV. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

When ddos attack does not be generated following graph will be generated.

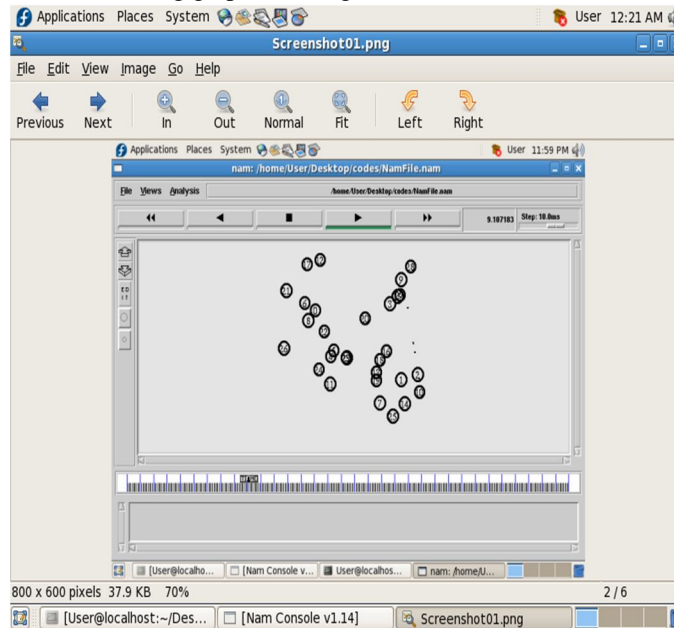


Fig1. ddos attack not generated

When ddos attack is perform on environment but not remove the ddos attack then generate the following graph.

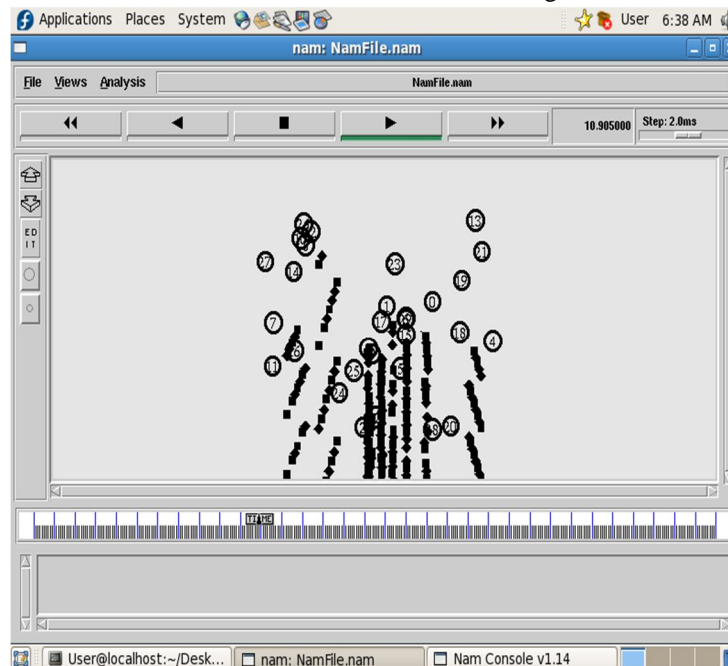


Fig2. Generate Ddos attack

When ddos attack is perform on environment and remove the ddos attack then generate the following simulation

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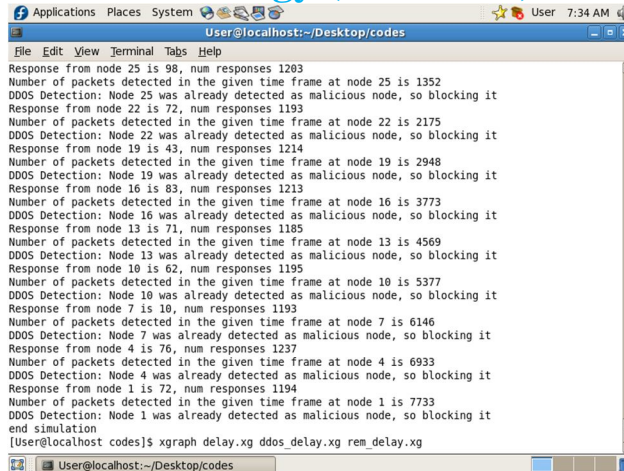


Fig3. Generate simulation when remove Ddos attack

And then generate the following graph to remove the ddos attack.

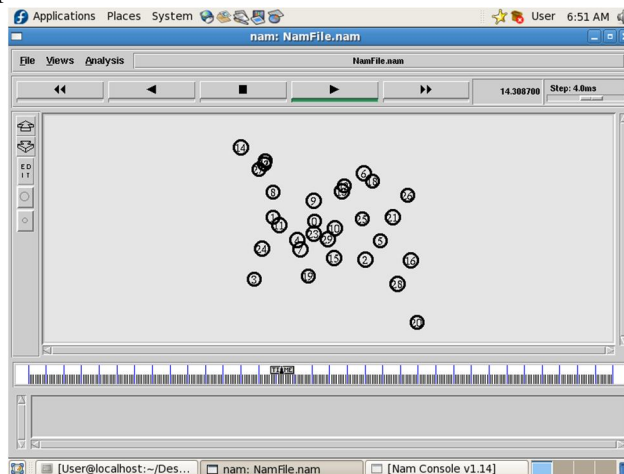


Fig4. Remove Ddos attack

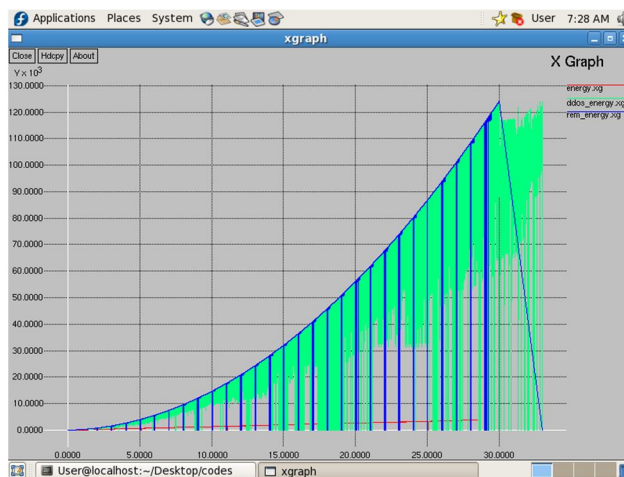


Fig 5. Comparison of energy metric

between previous methods and proposed system This graph shows energy consumed by proposed system is less than that of existing system. Green color shows energy consumed by proposed system when without removing ddos attack and red color

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shows energy consumed by existing system and blue color shows energy consumed by proposed system when ddos attack is remove.



Fig 6. Comparison of delay metric

between previous methods and proposed system Above graph shows that metric delay is minimum using our proposed system as compared to existing system.

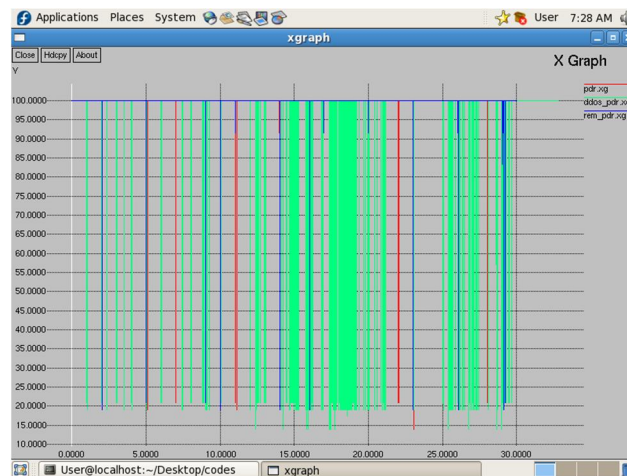


Fig 7. Comparison of packet delivery ratio(pdr)

between previous methods and proposed system Above graph shows that packet delivery ratio(pdr)is maximum in our proposed system as compared to existing system.



Fig 8. Comparison of throughput metric

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between previous methods and proposed system This graph shows that throughput is high ,using our proposed system as compared to the existing system.

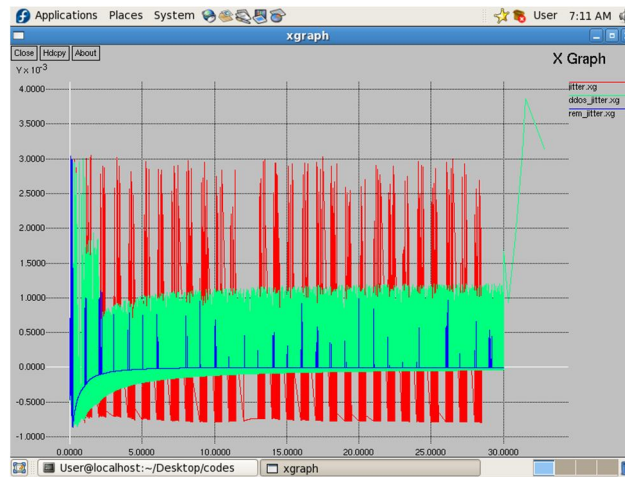


Fig 9. Comparison of jitter metric

between previous methods and proposed system Above graph shows that metric jitter is good in our proposed system as compared to existing system.

V. CONCLUSION

There are number of LDoS detection and prevention algorithms exist to tackle LDoS problem and their performance vary from one algorithm to another.. We believe that all of the algorithms surveyed in this paper are effective , but the advantages favors more time frame based tracking system which is help to improve the efficiency of the network, by reducing the overall delay, energy consumption and get maximam throughput matrix and get efficient result.

VI. FUTURE SCOPE

Future work, aims to investigate the use of DDOS (Distributed Denial of Service) attack in low rate network and extend DOS (Denial of Service) attack detection with multifractal technique using MFDFA algorithm and detecting and removing DOS attack in low rate network.

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